

GRM7 Antibody (monoclonal) (M01)

Mouse monoclonal antibody raised against a partial recombinant GRM7. Catalog # AT2265a

Specification

GRM7 Antibody (monoclonal) (M01) - Product Information

Application WB, E **Primary Accession** 014831 Other Accession NM 000844 Reactivity Human Host mouse Clonality **Monoclonal** Isotype IgG2a Kappa Calculated MW 102251

GRM7 Antibody (monoclonal) (M01) - Additional Information

Gene ID 2917

Other Names

Metabotropic glutamate receptor 7, mGluR7, GRM7, GPRC1G, MGLUR7

Target/Specificity

GRM7 (NP_000835, 431 a.a. \sim 520 a.a) partial recombinant protein with GST tag. MW of the GST tag alone is 26 KDa.

Dilution

WB~~1:500~1000

Format

Clear, colorless solution in phosphate buffered saline, pH 7.2.

Storage

Store at -20°C or lower. Aliquot to avoid repeated freezing and thawing.

Precautions

GRM7 Antibody (monoclonal) (M01) is for research use only and not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

GRM7 Antibody (monoclonal) (M01) - Protocols

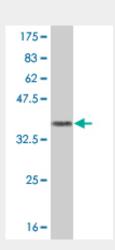
Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

- Western Blot
- Blocking Peptides
- Dot Blot
- Immunohistochemistry

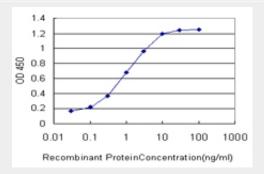


- Immunofluorescence
- Immunoprecipitation
- Flow Cytomety
- Cell Culture

GRM7 Antibody (monoclonal) (M01) - Images



Antibody Reactive Against Recombinant Protein. Western Blot detection against Immunogen (35.64 KDa).



Detection limit for recombinant GST tagged GRM7 is approximately 0.03ng/ml as a capture antibody.

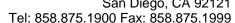
GRM7 Antibody (monoclonal) (M01) - Background

L-glutamate is the major excitatory neurotransmitter in the central nervous system, and it activates both ionotropic and metabotropic glutamate receptors. Glutamatergic neurotransmission is involved in most aspects of normal brain function and can be perturbed in many neuropathologic conditions. The metabotropic glutamate receptors are a family of G protein-coupled receptors that have been divided into three groups on the basis of sequence homology, putative signal transduction mechanisms, and pharmacologic properties. Group I includes GRM1 and GRM5, and these receptors have been shown to activate phospholipase C. Group II includes GRM2 and GRM3, while Group III includes GRM4, GRM6, GRM7 and GRM8. Group II and III receptors are linked to the inhibition of the cyclic AMP cascade but differ in their agonist selectivities. Multiple transcript variants encoding different isoforms have been found for this gene.

GRM7 Antibody (monoclonal) (M01) - References

Variation at the NFATC2 Locus Increases the Risk of Thiazolinedinedione-Induced Edema in the Diabetes REduction Assessment with ramipril and rosiglitazone Medication (DREAM) Study. Bailey SD, et al. Diabetes Care, 2010 Jul 13. PMID 20628086.Comprehensive copy number variant (CNV) analysis of neuronal pathways genes in psychiatric disorders identifies rare variants within patients.







Saus E, et al. J Psychiatr Res, 2010 Apr 14. PMID 20398908.Personalized smoking cessation: interactions between nicotine dose, dependence and guit-success genotype score. Rose JE, et al. Mol Med, 2010 Jul-Aug. PMID 20379614. Human variation in alcohol response is influenced by variation in neuronal signaling genes. Joslyn G, et al. Alcohol Clin Exp Res, 2010 May. PMID 20201926.[Association between copy number variants within metabotropic glutamate receptors 7 gene and schizophrenia] Zhao YL, et al. Zhongguo Yi Xue Ke Xue Yuan Xue Bao, 2009 Dec. PMID 20078931.