

FUS Antibody (C-term) Blocking peptide Synthetic peptide Catalog # BP10187b

### Specification

# FUS Antibody (C-term) Blocking peptide - Product Information

Primary Accession Other Accession <u>P35637</u> NP\_001164105.1, NP\_004951.1

# FUS Antibody (C-term) Blocking peptide - Additional Information

Gene ID 2521

**Other Names** RNA-binding protein FUS, 75 kDa DNA-pairing protein, Oncogene FUS, Oncogene TLS, POMp75, Translocated in liposarcoma protein, FUS, TLS

#### Format

Peptides are lyophilized in a solid powder format. Peptides can be reconstituted in solution using the appropriate buffer as needed.

**Storage** Maintain refrigerated at 2-8°C for up to 6 months. For long term storage store at -20°C.

**Precautions** 

This product is for research use only. Not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

# FUS Antibody (C-term) Blocking peptide - Protein Information

Name FUS

Synonyms TLS

#### Function

DNA/RNA-binding protein that plays a role in various cellular processes such as transcription regulation, RNA splicing, RNA transport, DNA repair and damage response (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/27731383" target="\_blank">27731383</a>). Binds to nascent pre-mRNAs and acts as a molecular mediator between RNA polymerase II and U1 small nuclear ribonucleoprotein thereby coupling transcription and splicing (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/26124092" target="\_blank">26124092</a>). Binds also its own pre- mRNA and autoregulates its expression; this autoregulation mechanism is mediated by non-sense-mediated decay (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/26124092" target="\_blank">26124092</a>). Binds also its own pre- mRNA and autoregulates its expression; this autoregulation mechanism is mediated by non-sense-mediated decay (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/24204307" target="\_blank">24204307</a>). Plays a role in DNA repair mechanisms by promoting D-loop formation and homologous recombination during DNA double-strand break repair (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/10567410" target="\_blank">10567410</a>). In neuronal cells, plays crucial roles in dendritic spine formation and stability, RNA transport, mRNA stability and synaptic homeostasis (By similarity).



#### **Cellular Location**

Nucleus Note=Displays a punctate pattern inside the nucleus and is excluded from nucleoli.

**Tissue Location** Ubiquitous.

# FUS Antibody (C-term) Blocking peptide - Protocols

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

Blocking Peptides

# FUS Antibody (C-term) Blocking peptide - Images

### FUS Antibody (C-term) Blocking peptide - Background

This gene encodes a multifunctional protein component of the heterogeneous nuclear ribonucleoprotein (hnRNP) complex. ThehnRNP complex is involved in pre-mRNA splicing and the export offully processed mRNA to the cytoplasm. This protein belongs to theFET family of RNA-binding proteins which have been implicated incellular processes that include regulation of gene expression,maintenance of genomic integrity and mRNA/microRNA processing.Alternative splicing results in multiple transcript variants.Defects in this gene result in amyotrophic lateral sclerosis type6.

# FUS Antibody (C-term) Blocking peptide - References

Kim, S.H., et al. J. Biol. Chem. 285(44):34097-34105(2010)Mackenzie, I.R., et al. Lancet Neurol 9(10):995-1007(2010)Yan, J., et al. Neurology 75(9):807-814(2010)Waibel, S., et al. Neurology 75(9):815-817(2010)Baumer, D., et al. Neurology 75(7):611-618(2010)