

UBE1C Antibody (N-term) Blocking Peptide

Synthetic peptide Catalog # BP1063a

Specification

UBE1C Antibody (N-term) Blocking Peptide - Product Information

Primary Accession

Q8TBC4

UBE1C Antibody (N-term) Blocking Peptide - Additional Information

Gene ID 9039

Other Names

NEDD8-activating enzyme E1 catalytic subunit, 632-, NEDD8-activating enzyme E1C, Ubiquitin-activating enzyme E1C, Ubiquitin-like modifier-activating enzyme 3, Ubiquitin-activating enzyme 3, UBA3, UBE1C

Target/Specificity

The synthetic peptide sequence used to generate the antibody AP1063a was selected from the N-term region of human UBE1C. A 10 to 100 fold molar excess to antibody is recommended. Precise conditions should be optimized for a particular assay.

Format

Peptides are lyophilized in a solid powder format. Peptides can be reconstituted in solution using the appropriate buffer as needed.

Storage

Maintain refrigerated at 2-8°C for up to 6 months. For long term storage store at -20°C.

Precautions

This product is for research use only. Not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

UBE1C Antibody (N-term) Blocking Peptide - Protein Information

Name UBA3

Synonyms UBE1C

Function

Catalytic subunit of the dimeric UBA3-NAE1 E1 enzyme. E1 activates NEDD8 by first adenylating its C-terminal glycine residue with ATP, thereafter linking this residue to the side chain of the catalytic cysteine, yielding a NEDD8-UBA3 thioester and free AMP. E1 finally transfers NEDD8 to the catalytic cysteine of UBE2M. Down- regulates steroid receptor activity. Necessary for cell cycle progression.

Tissue Location

Ubiquitously expressed.



UBE1C Antibody (N-term) Blocking Peptide - Protocols

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

Blocking Peptides

UBE1C Antibody (N-term) Blocking Peptide - Images

UBE1C Antibody (N-term) Blocking Peptide - Background

The modification of proteins with ubiquitin is an important cellular mechanism for targeting abnormal or short-lived proteins for degradation. Ubiquitination involves at least three classes of enzymes: ubiquitin-activating enzymes, or E1s, ubiquitin-conjugating enzymes, or E2s, and ubiquitin-protein ligases, or E3s. This gene encodes a member of the E1 ubiquitin-activating enzyme family. The encoded enzyme associates with AppBp1, an amyloid beta precursor protein binding protein, to form a heterodimer, and then the enzyme complex activates NEDD8, a ubiquitin-like protein, which regulates cell division, signaling and embryogenesis. Multiple alternatively spliced transcript variants encoding distinct isoforms have been found for this gene.

UBE1C Antibody (N-term) Blocking Peptide - References

Osaka F, et al. Genes Dev. 1998. 12: 2263. Walden H, et al. Nature 2003. 422: 330.