

#### MBD2 Antibody (C-term) Blocking Peptide Synthetic peptide

Catalog # BP1067b

## Specification

# MBD2 Antibody (C-term) Blocking Peptide - Product Information

Primary Accession

<u>Q9UBB5</u>

## MBD2 Antibody (C-term) Blocking Peptide - Additional Information

Gene ID 8932

**Other Names** Methyl-CpG-binding domain protein 2, Demethylase, DMTase, Methyl-CpG-binding protein MBD2, MBD2

### Target/Specificity

The synthetic peptide sequence used to generate the antibody <a

href=/product/products/AP1067b>AP1067b</a> was selected from the C-term region of human MBD2. A 10 to 100 fold molar excess to antibody is recommended. Precise conditions should be optimized for a particular assay.

#### Format

Peptides are lyophilized in a solid powder format. Peptides can be reconstituted in solution using the appropriate buffer as needed.

#### Storage

Maintain refrigerated at 2-8°C for up to 6 months. For long term storage store at -20°C.

**Precautions** This product is for research use only. Not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

## MBD2 Antibody (C-term) Blocking Peptide - Protein Information

### Name MBD2 (HGNC:6917)

Function

Binds CpG islands in promoters where the DNA is methylated at position 5 of cytosine within CpG dinucleotides (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/9774669" target=" blank">9774669</a>). Binds hemimethylated DNA as well (PubMed:<a

href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/10947852" target="\_blank">10947852</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/24307175" target="\_blank">24307175</a>). Recruits histone deacetylases and DNA methyltransferases to chromatin (PubMed:<a

href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/10471499" target="\_blank">10471499</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/10947852" target="\_blank">10947852</a>). Acts as a component of the histone deacetylase NuRD complex which participates in the remodeling of chromatin (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/16428440"

target="\_blank">16428440</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/28977666"



target="\_blank">28977666</a>). Acts as a transcriptional repressor and plays a role in gene silencing (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/10471499"

target="\_blank">10471499</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/10947852" target="\_blank">10947852</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/16415179" target="\_blank">16415179</a>). Functions as a scaffold protein, targeting GATAD2A and GATAD2B to chromatin to promote repression (PubMed:<a

href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/16415179" target="\_blank">16415179</a>). May enhance the activation of some unmethylated cAMP-responsive promoters (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/12665568" target=" blank">12665568</a>).

#### **Cellular Location**

Nucleus. Chromosome Note=Nuclear, in discrete foci (PubMed:12183469). Detected at replication foci in late S phase. Localizes to methylated chromatin (PubMed:16428440). Localizes to sites of DNA damage in a manner partially dependent on ZMYND8 (PubMed:27732854)

**Tissue Location** 

Highly expressed in brain, heart, kidney, stomach, testis and placenta.

## MBD2 Antibody (C-term) Blocking Peptide - Protocols

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

### <u>Blocking Peptides</u>

### MBD2 Antibody (C-term) Blocking Peptide - Images

### MBD2 Antibody (C-term) Blocking Peptide - Background

DNA methylation is the major modification of eukaryotic genomes and plays an essential role in mammalian development. Human proteins MECP2, MBD1, MBD2, MBD3, and MBD4 comprise a family of nuclear proteins related by the presence in each of a methyl-CpG binding domain (MBD). Each of these proteins, with the exception of MBD3, is capable of binding specifically to methylated DNA. MECP2, MBD1 and MBD2 can also repress transcription from methylated gene promoters. The protein encoded by this gene may function as a mediator of the biological consequences of the methylation signal. It is also reported that the this protein functions as a demethylase to activate transcription, as DNA methylation causes gene silencing.

### MBD2 Antibody (C-term) Blocking Peptide - References

Zhu, Y., et al., Cancer 100(9):1853-1858 (2004).Ghoshal, K., et al., J. Biol. Chem. 279(8):6783-6793 (2004).Fujita, H., et al., Mol. Cell. Biol. 23(8):2645-2657 (2003).Patra, S.K., et al., Biochem. Biophys. Res. Commun. 302(4):759-766 (2003).Lembo, F., et al., Mol. Cell. Biol. 23(5):1656-1665 (2003).