

#### OR10H1 Antibody (C-term) Blocking peptide Synthetic peptide Catalog # BP10861b

Specification

# **OR10H1** Antibody (C-term) Blocking peptide - Product Information

Primary Accession

<u>Q9Y4A9</u>

## **OR10H1** Antibody (C-term) Blocking peptide - Additional Information

Gene ID 26539

**Other Names** Olfactory receptor 10H1, Olfactory receptor OR19-27, OR10H1

Format

Peptides are lyophilized in a solid powder format. Peptides can be reconstituted in solution using the appropriate buffer as needed.

**Storage** Maintain refrigerated at 2-8°C for up to 6 months. For long term storage store at -20°C.

**Precautions** This product is for research use only. Not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

## **OR10H1** Antibody (C-term) Blocking peptide - Protein Information

Name OR10H1

Function Odorant receptor.

**Cellular Location** Cell membrane; Multi-pass membrane protein.

## **OR10H1 Antibody (C-term) Blocking peptide - Protocols**

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

<u>Blocking Peptides</u>

OR10H1 Antibody (C-term) Blocking peptide - Images

#### OR10H1 Antibody (C-term) Blocking peptide - Background

Olfactory receptors interact with odorant molecules in thenose, to initiate a neuronal response that triggers the perception of a smell. The olfactory receptor proteins are members of a largefamily of



G-protein-coupled receptors (GPCR) arising from singlecoding-exon genes. Olfactory receptors share a 7-transmembranedomain structure with many neurotransmitter and hormone receptorsand are responsible for the recognition and G protein-mediatedtransduction of odorant signals. The olfactory receptor gene familyis the largest in the genome. The nomenclature assigned to theolfactory receptor genes and proteins for this organism isindependent of other organisms.

#### **OR10H1 Antibody (C-term) Blocking peptide - References**

Grimwood, J., et al. Nature 428(6982):529-535(2004)Malnic, B., et al. Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. U.S.A. 101(8):2584-2589(2004)Fuchs, T., et al. Genomics 80(3):295-302(2002)