

ANAPC5 Antibody (Center) Blocking peptide

Synthetic peptide Catalog # BP10974c

Specification

ANAPC5 Antibody (Center) Blocking peptide - Product Information

Primary Accession

Q9UIX4

ANAPC5 Antibody (Center) Blocking peptide - Additional Information

Gene ID 51433

Other Names

Anaphase-promoting complex subunit 5, APC5, Cyclosome subunit 5, ANAPC5, APC5

Format

Peptides are lyophilized in a solid powder format. Peptides can be reconstituted in solution using the appropriate buffer as needed.

Storage

Maintain refrigerated at 2-8°C for up to 6 months. For long term storage store at -20°C.

Precautions

This product is for research use only. Not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

ANAPC5 Antibody (Center) Blocking peptide - Protein Information

Name ANAPC5

Synonyms APC5

Function

Component of the anaphase promoting complex/cyclosome (APC/C), a cell cycle-regulated E3 ubiquitin ligase that controls progression through mitosis and the G1 phase of the cell cycle. The APC/C complex acts by mediating ubiquitination and subsequent degradation of target proteins: it mainly mediates the formation of 'Lys-11'-linked polyubiquitin chains and, to a lower extent, the formation of 'Lys-48'- and 'Lys-63'-linked polyubiquitin chains.

Cellular Location

Nucleus. Cytoplasm, cytoskeleton, spindle

ANAPC5 Antibody (Center) Blocking peptide - Protocols

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

• Blocking Peptides



ANAPC5 Antibody (Center) Blocking peptide - Images

ANAPC5 Antibody (Center) Blocking peptide - Background

This gene encodes a tetratricopeptide repeat-containingcomponent of the anaphase promoting complex/cyclosome (APC/C), alarge E3 ubiquitin ligase that controls cell cycle progression bytargeting a number of cell cycle regulators such as B-type cyclinsfor 26S proteasome-mediated degradation through ubiquitination. Theencoded protein is required for the proper ubiquitination function fAPC/C and for the interaction of APC/C with transcriptioncoactivators. It also interacts with polyA binding protein andrepresses internal ribosome entry site-mediated translation. Multiple transcript variants encoding different isoforms have beenfound for this gene. These differences cause translation initiationat a downstream AUG and result in a shorter protein (isoform b), compared to isoform a.

ANAPC5 Antibody (Center) Blocking peptide - References

Wasch, R., et al. Oncogene 29(1):1-10(2010)Jin, L., et al. Cell 133(4):653-665(2008)Liu, J., et al. Cancer Biol. Ther. 5(7):760-762(2006)Dube, P., et al. Mol. Cell 20(6):867-879(2005)Turnell, A.S., et al. Nature 438(7068):690-695(2005)