

SULT1C3 Antibody (C-term) Blocking peptide
Synthetic peptide
Catalog # BP11072b**Specification**

SULT1C3 Antibody (C-term) Blocking peptide - Product InformationPrimary Accession [Q6IMI6](#)**SULT1C3 Antibody (C-term) Blocking peptide - Additional Information****Gene ID** 442038**Other Names**

Sulfotransferase 1C3, ST1C3, SULT1C3

Format

Peptides are lyophilized in a solid powder format. Peptides can be reconstituted in solution using the appropriate buffer as needed.

Storage

Maintain refrigerated at 2-8°C for up to 6 months. For long term storage store at -20°C.

Precautions

This product is for research use only. Not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

SULT1C3 Antibody (C-term) Blocking peptide - Protein Information**Name** SULT1C3**Function**

[Isoform 1]: Sulfotransferase that utilizes 3'-phospho-5'- adenylyl sulfate (PAPS) as sulfonate donor. Has sulfotransferase activity towards various substrates, such as bile acids, thyroid hormones and toward xenobiotic compounds such as chloro phenols and hydroxypyrenes. Lithocholic acid appears to be the best substrate among the endogenous compounds tested and 3,3',5,5'-tetrachloro-4,4'- biphenyldiol shows the highest specific activity among the xenobiotic compounds.

Cellular Location

Cytoplasm {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:Q80VR3}.

Tissue Location

[Isoform 1]: Not detectable in any of the tissues tested.

SULT1C3 Antibody (C-term) Blocking peptide - Protocols

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

- [Blocking Peptides](#)

SULT1C3 Antibody (C-term) Blocking peptide - Images

SULT1C3 Antibody (C-term) Blocking peptide - Background

Has low sulphotransferase activity towards various substrates with alcohol groups (in vitro). May catalyze the sulfate conjugation of xenobiotic compounds and endogenous substrates.

SULT1C3 Antibody (C-term) Blocking peptide - References

Rose, J.E., et al. Mol. Med. 16 (7-8), 247-253 (2010) :Meinl, W., et al. Food Chem. Toxicol. 46(4):1249-1256(2008)Allali-Hassani, A., et al. PLoS Biol. 5 (5), E97 (2007) :Hillier, L.W., et al. Nature 434(7034):724-731(2005)Freimuth, R.R., et al. Pharmacogenomics J. 4(1):54-65(2004)