

# **OR51B5 Antibody (C-term) Blocking peptide** Synthetic peptide

Specification

Catalog # BP11277b

# **OR51B5** Antibody (C-term) Blocking peptide - Product Information

Primary Accession

#### <u>Q9H339</u>

### **OR51B5** Antibody (C-term) Blocking peptide - Additional Information

Gene ID 282763

**Other Names** Olfactory receptor 51B5, Odorant receptor HOR5'beta5, Olfactory receptor OR11-37, OR51B5

Format

Peptides are lyophilized in a solid powder format. Peptides can be reconstituted in solution using the appropriate buffer as needed.

**Storage** Maintain refrigerated at 2-8°C for up to 6 months. For long term storage store at -20°C.

**Precautions** This product is for research use only. Not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

# **OR51B5** Antibody (C-term) Blocking peptide - Protein Information

Name OR51B5

Function Odorant receptor.

**Cellular Location** Cell membrane; Multi-pass membrane protein.

# **OR51B5 Antibody (C-term) Blocking peptide - Protocols**

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

<u>Blocking Peptides</u>

OR51B5 Antibody (C-term) Blocking peptide - Images

#### OR51B5 Antibody (C-term) Blocking peptide - Background

Olfactory receptors interact with odorant molecules in thenose, to initiate a neuronal response that triggers the perception f a smell. The olfactory receptor proteins are members of a largefamily of



G-protein-coupled receptors (GPCR) arising from singlecoding-exon genes. Olfactory receptors share a 7-transmembranedomain structure with many neurotransmitter and hormone receptorsand are responsible for the recognition and G protein-mediatedtransduction of odorant signals. The olfactory receptor gene familyis the largest in the genome. The nomenclature assigned to theolfactory receptor genes and proteins for this organism isindependent of other organisms.

### **OR51B5** Antibody (C-term) Blocking peptide - References

Solovieff, N., et al. Blood 115(9):1815-1822(2010)Malnic, B., et al. Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. U.S.A. 101(8):2584-2589(2004)Bulger, M., et al. Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. U.S.A. 97(26):14560-14565(2000)Bulger, M., et al. Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. U.S.A. 96(9):5129-5134(1999)