

#### TUBB6 Antibody (Center) Blocking peptide Synthetic peptide

Catalog # BP11928c

## Specification

# TUBB6 Antibody (Center) Blocking peptide - Product Information

Primary Accession

<u>Q9BUF5</u>

## **TUBB6 Antibody (Center) Blocking peptide - Additional Information**

Gene ID 84617

**Other Names** Tubulin beta-6 chain, Tubulin beta class V, TUBB6

Format

# Peptides are lyophilized in a solid powder format. Peptides can be reconstituted in solution using the appropriate buffer as needed.

**Storage** Maintain refrigerated at 2-8°C for up to 6 months. For long term storage store at -20°C.

**Precautions** This product is for research use only. Not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

## **TUBB6 Antibody (Center) Blocking peptide - Protein Information**

Name TUBB6

Function

Tubulin is the major constituent of microtubules, a cylinder consisting of laterally associated linear protofilaments composed of alpha- and beta-tubulin heterodimers. Microtubules grow by the addition of GTP-tubulin dimers to the microtubule end, where a stabilizing cap forms. Below the cap, tubulin dimers are in GDP-bound state, owing to GTPase activity of alpha-tubulin.

**Cellular Location** Cytoplasm, cytoskeleton.

**Tissue Location** 

Ubiquitous. Maximal expression in breast and lung, where it represents around 10% of all beta-tubulins. Largely decreased expression in most cancerous tissues.

## **TUBB6 Antibody (Center) Blocking peptide - Protocols**

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.



#### Blocking Peptides

#### **TUBB6 Antibody (Center) Blocking peptide - Images**

#### **TUBB6 Antibody (Center) Blocking peptide - Background**

Tubulin is the major constituent of microtubules. It binds two moles of GTP, one at an exchangeable site on the beta chain and one at a non-exchangeable site on the alpha-chain (By similarity).

#### **TUBB6 Antibody (Center) Blocking peptide - References**

Leandro-Garcia, L.J., et al. Cytoskeleton (Hoboken) 67(4):214-223(2010)Matsuoka, S., et al. Science 316(5828):1160-1166(2007)