

OR1D5 Blocking Peptide (C-term) Synthetic peptide Catalog # BP12013b

Specification

OR1D5 Blocking Peptide (C-term) - Product Information

Primary Accession Other Accession <u>P58170</u> <u>P47884</u>, <u>NP_055381.1</u>

OR1D5 Blocking Peptide (C-term) - Additional Information

Gene ID 8386

Other Names Olfactory receptor 1D5, Olfactory receptor 17-31, OR17-31, OR1D5

Target/Specificity The synthetic peptide sequence is selected from aa 259-271 of HUMAN OR1D5

Format

Peptides are lyophilized in a solid powder format. Peptides can be reconstituted in solution using the appropriate buffer as needed.

Storage

Maintain refrigerated at 2-8°C for up to 6 months. For long term storage store at -20°C.

Precautions This product is for research use only. Not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

OR1D5 Blocking Peptide (C-term) - Protein Information

Name OR1D5

Function Odorant receptor.

Cellular Location Cell membrane; Multi-pass membrane protein.

OR1D5 Blocking Peptide (C-term) - Protocols

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

<u>Blocking Peptides</u>

OR1D5 Blocking Peptide (C-term) - Images



OR1D5 Blocking Peptide (C-term) - Background

Olfactory receptors interact with odorant molecules in the nose, to initiate a neuronal response that triggers the perception of a smell. The olfactory receptor proteins are members of a large family of G-protein-coupled receptors (GPCR) arising from single coding-exon genes. Olfactory receptors share a 7-transmembrane domain structure with many neurotransmitter and hormone receptors and are responsible for the recognition and G protein-mediated transduction of odorant signals. The olfactory receptor gene family is the largest in the genome. The nomenclature assigned to the olfactory receptor genes and proteins for this organism is independent of other organisms.

OR1D5 Blocking Peptide (C-term) - References

Malnic, B., et al. Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. U.S.A. 101(8):2584-2589(2004) Fuchs, T., et al. Genomics 80(3):295-302(2002) Glusman, G., et al. Genomics 63(2):227-245(2000) Selbie, L.A., et al. Brain Res. Mol. Brain Res. 13 (1-2), 159-163 (1992) :