

NDUFS8 Antibody (Center) Blocking peptide
Synthetic peptide
Catalog # BP12552c**Specification**

NDUFS8 Antibody (Center) Blocking peptide - Product InformationPrimary Accession [O00217](#)**NDUFS8 Antibody (Center) Blocking peptide - Additional Information****Gene ID** 4728**Other Names**

NADH dehydrogenase [ubiquinone] iron-sulfur protein 8, mitochondrial, Complex I-23kD, CI-23kD, NADH-ubiquinone oxidoreductase 23 kDa subunit, TYKY subunit, NDUFS8

Format

Peptides are lyophilized in a solid powder format. Peptides can be reconstituted in solution using the appropriate buffer as needed.

Storage

Maintain refrigerated at 2-8°C for up to 6 months. For long term storage store at -20°C.

Precautions

This product is for research use only. Not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

NDUFS8 Antibody (Center) Blocking peptide - Protein Information**Name** NDUFS8**Function**

Core subunit of the mitochondrial membrane respiratory chain NADH dehydrogenase (Complex I) which catalyzes electron transfer from NADH through the respiratory chain, using ubiquinone as an electron acceptor (PubMed:22499348). Essential for the catalytic activity and assembly of complex I (PubMed:22499348).

Cellular Location

Mitochondrion inner membrane; Peripheral membrane protein {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:P42028}; Matrix side {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:P42028}

Tissue Location

Expressed in all tissues with the highest level in heart and skeletal muscle and the lowest level in lung

NDUFS8 Antibody (Center) Blocking peptide - Protocols

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

- [Blocking Peptides](#)

NDUFS8 Antibody (Center) Blocking peptide - Images

NDUFS8 Antibody (Center) Blocking peptide - Background

This gene encodes a subunit of mitochondrial NADH:ubiquinone oxidoreductase, or Complex I, a multimeric enzyme of the respiratory chain responsible for NADH oxidation, ubiquinone reduction, and the ejection of protons from mitochondria. The encoded protein is involved in the binding of two of the six to eight iron-sulfur clusters of Complex I and, as such, is required in the electron transfer process. Mutations in this gene have been associated with Leigh syndrome.

NDUFS8 Antibody (Center) Blocking peptide - References

Rose, J.E., et al. Mol. Med. 16 (7-8), 247-253 (2010) :Bourges, I., et al. Biochem. J. 383 (PT 3), 491-499 (2004) :Procaccio, V., et al. Neurology 62(10):1899-1901(2004)Ugalde, C., et al. Hum. Mol. Genet. 13(6):659-667(2004)Murray, J., et al. J. Biol. Chem. 278(39):37223-37230(2003)