

CD99/CD99 (mic-2) Antibody (N-term) Blocking peptide

Synthetic peptide Catalog # BP13060a

Specification

CD99/CD99 (mic-2) Antibody (N-term) Blocking peptide - Product Information

Primary Accession

P14209

CD99/CD99 (mic-2) Antibody (N-term) Blocking peptide - Additional Information

Gene ID 4267

Other Names

CD99 antigen, E2 antigen, Protein MIC2, T-cell surface glycoprotein E2, CD99, CD99, MIC2, MIC2X, MIC2Y

Format

Peptides are lyophilized in a solid powder format. Peptides can be reconstituted in solution using the appropriate buffer as needed.

Storage

Maintain refrigerated at 2-8°C for up to 6 months. For long term storage store at -20°C.

Precautions

This product is for research use only. Not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

CD99/CD99 (mic-2) Antibody (N-term) Blocking peptide - Protein Information

Name CD99

Synonyms MIC2, MIC2X, MIC2Y

Function

Involved in T-cell adhesion processes and in spontaneous rosette formation with erythrocytes. Plays a role in a late step of leukocyte extravasation helping leukocytes to overcome the endothelial basement membrane. Acts at the same site as, but independently of, PECAM1. Involved in T-cell adhesion processes (By similarity).

Cellular Location

Membrane; Single-pass type I membrane protein

CD99/CD99 (mic-2) Antibody (N-term) Blocking peptide - Protocols

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

• Blocking Peptides



CD99/CD99 (mic-2) Antibody (N-term) Blocking peptide - Images CD99/CD99 (mic-2) Antibody (N-term) Blocking peptide - Background

The protein encoded by this gene is a cell surfaceglycoprotein involved in leukocyte migration, T-cell adhesion, ganglioside GM1 and transmembrane protein transport, and T-celldeath by a caspase-independent pathway. In addition, the encodedprotein may have the ability to rearrange the actin cytoskeletonand may also act as an oncosuppressor in osteosarcoma. CyclophilinA binds to CD99 and may act as a signaling regulator of CD99. Thisgene is found in the pseudoautosomal region of chromosomes X and Yand escapes X-chromosome inactivation. Two transcript variantsencoding different isoforms have been found for this gene.

CD99/CD99 (mic-2) Antibody (N-term) Blocking peptide - References

Husak, Z., et al. J. Leukoc. Biol. 88(2):405-412(2010)Kanner, W.A., et al. J. Cutan. Pathol. 37(7):744-750(2010)Duncan, L.M., et al. J. Immunol. 184(12):6978-6985(2010)Rocchi, A., et al. J. Clin. Invest. 120(3):668-680(2010)Yoshino, N., et al. Ann Thorac Cardiovasc Surg 15(5):324-327(2009)