

MSRB3 Antibody (N-term) Blocking peptide
Synthetic peptide
Catalog # BP13112a**Specification**

MSRB3 Antibody (N-term) Blocking peptide - Product InformationPrimary Accession [Q8IXL7](#)**MSRB3 Antibody (N-term) Blocking peptide - Additional Information****Gene ID** 253827**Other Names**

Methionine-R-sulfoxide reductase B3, MsrB3, 184-, MSRB3

Target/Specificity

The synthetic peptide sequence used to generate the antibody AP13112a was selected from the N-term region of MSRB3. A 10 to 100 fold molar excess to antibody is recommended. Precise conditions should be optimized for a particular assay.

Format

Peptides are lyophilized in a solid powder format. Peptides can be reconstituted in solution using the appropriate buffer as needed.

Storage

Maintain refrigerated at 2-8°C for up to 6 months. For long term storage store at -20°C.

Precautions

This product is for research use only. Not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

MSRB3 Antibody (N-term) Blocking peptide - Protein Information**Name** MSRB3**Function**

Catalyzes the reduction of free and protein-bound methionine sulfoxide to methionine. Isoform 2 is essential for hearing.

Cellular Location

[Isoform 1]: Endoplasmic reticulum.

Tissue Location

Widely expressed.

MSRB3 Antibody (N-term) Blocking peptide - Protocols

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

- [Blocking Peptides](#)

MSRB3 Antibody (N-term) Blocking peptide - Images

MSRB3 Antibody (N-term) Blocking peptide - Background

The protein encoded by this gene catalyzes the reduction of methionine sulfoxide to methionine. This enzyme acts as a monomer and requires zinc as a cofactor. Several transcript variants encoding two different isoforms have been found for this gene. One of the isoforms localizes to mitochondria while the other localizes to endoplasmic reticula.

MSRB3 Antibody (N-term) Blocking peptide - References

Pillas, D., et al. PLoS Genet. 6 (2), E1000856 (2010) : Kwak, G.H., et al. BMB Rep 42(9):580-585(2009) Taungjaruwainai, W.M., et al. Am J Dermatopathol 31(5):427-431(2009) Lamesch, P., et al. Genomics 89(3):307-315(2007) Fortna, A., et al. PLoS Biol. 2 (7), E207 (2004) :