

Mouse Pak4 Antibody (Center) Blocking Peptide

Synthetic peptide Catalog # BP14453c

Specification

Mouse Pak4 Antibody (Center) Blocking Peptide - Product Information

Primary Accession

Q8BTW9

Mouse Pak4 Antibody (Center) Blocking Peptide - Additional Information

Gene ID 70584

Other Names

Serine/threonine-protein kinase PAK 4, p21-activated kinase 4, PAK-4, Pak4, Kiaa1142

Format

Peptides are lyophilized in a solid powder format. Peptides can be reconstituted in solution using the appropriate buffer as needed.

Storage

Maintain refrigerated at 2-8°C for up to 6 months. For long term storage store at -20°C.

Precautions

This product is for research use only. Not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

Mouse Pak4 Antibody (Center) Blocking Peptide - Protein Information

Name Pak4

Synonyms Kiaa1142

Function

Serine/threonine protein kinase that plays a role in a variety of different signaling pathways including cytoskeleton regulation, cell migration, growth, proliferation or cell survival. Activation by various effectors including growth factor receptors or active CDC42 and RAC1 results in a conformational change and a subsequent autophosphorylation on several serine and/or threonine residues. Phosphorylates and inactivates the protein phosphatase SSH1, leading to increased inhibitory phosphorylation of the actin binding/depolymerizing factor cofilin. Decreased cofilin activity may lead to stabilization of actin filaments. Phosphorylates LIMK1, a kinase that also inhibits the activity of cofilin. Phosphorylates integrin beta5/ITGB5 and thus regulates cell motility. Phosphorylates ARHGEF2 and activates the downstream target RHOA that plays a role in the regulation of assembly of focal adhesions and actin stress fibers. Stimulates cell survival by phosphorylating the BCL2 antagonist of cell death BAD. Alternatively, inhibits apoptosis by preventing caspase-8 binding to death domain receptors in a kinase independent manner. Plays a role in cell-cycle progression by controlling levels of the cell- cycle regulatory protein CDKN1A and by phosphorylating RAN.

Cellular Location



Tel: 858.875.1900 Fax: 858.875.1999

Cytoplasm {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:O96013}. Note=Seems to shuttle between cytoplasmic compartments depending on the activating effector. For example, can be found on the cell periphery after activation of growth-factor or integrin-mediated signaling pathways. {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:096013}

Mouse Pak4 Antibody (Center) Blocking Peptide - Protocols

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

Blocking Peptides

Mouse Pak4 Antibody (Center) Blocking Peptide - Images

Mouse Pak4 Antibody (Center) Blocking Peptide - Background

Pak4 activates the INK pathway. Plays a role in the reorganization of the actin cytoskeleton and in the formation of filopodia. Phosphorylates and inactivates the protein phosphatase SSH1, leading to increased inhibitory phosphorylation of the actin binding/depolymerizing factor cofilin. Decreased cofilin activity may lead to stabilization of actin filaments. Phosphorylates ARHGEF2 (By similarity).

Mouse Pak4 Antibody (Center) Blocking Peptide - References

Liu, Y., et al. Oncogene 29(44):5883-5894(2010)Tian, Y., et al. Mech. Dev. 126 (8-9), 710-720 (2009): Ha, U.H., et al. J. Biol. Chem. 283(45):30624-30631(2008)Liu, Y., et al. Mol. Cancer Res. 6(7):1215-1224(2008)Danzer, K.M., et al. J. Neurochem. 103(6):2401-2407(2007)