

Catalog # BP14656a

NQO2 Antibody (N-term) Blocking Peptide Synthetic peptide

Specification

NQO2 Antibody (N-term) Blocking Peptide - Product Information

Primary Accession

<u>P16083</u>

NQO2 Antibody (N-term) Blocking Peptide - Additional Information

Gene ID 4835

Other Names Ribosyldihydronicotinamide dehydrogenase [quinone], NRH dehydrogenase [quinone] 2, NRH:quinone oxidoreductase 2, Quinone reductase 2, QR2, NQO2, NMOR2

Format

Peptides are lyophilized in a solid powder format. Peptides can be reconstituted in solution using the appropriate buffer as needed.

Storage Maintain refrigerated at 2-8°C for up to 6 months. For long term storage store at -20°C.

Precautions This product is for research use only. Not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

NQO2 Antibody (N-term) Blocking Peptide - Protein Information

Name NQO2

Synonyms NMOR2

Function

The enzyme apparently serves as a quinone reductase in connection with conjugation reactions of hydroquinones involved in detoxification pathways as well as in biosynthetic processes such as the vitamin K-dependent gamma-carboxylation of glutamate residues in prothrombin synthesis.

Cellular Location Cytoplasm.

NQO2 Antibody (N-term) Blocking Peptide - Protocols

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

<u>Blocking Peptides</u>

NQO2 Antibody (N-term) Blocking Peptide - Images



NQO2 Antibody (N-term) Blocking Peptide - Background

NQO2 (EC 1.10.99.2) is a flavoprotein that catalyzes the2-electron reduction of various quinones, redox dyes, and thevitamin K menadione. NQO2 predominantly uses dihydronicotinamideriboside (NRH) as the electron donor (summary by Wu et al., 1997[PubMed 9367528]).

NQO2 Antibody (N-term) Blocking Peptide - References

Rose, J.E., et al. Mol. Med. 16 (7-8), 247-253 (2010) :Ji, L.D., et al. J. Pineal Res. 48(2):133-141(2010)Yu, K.D., et al. Breast Cancer Res. Treat. 118(3):647-649(2009)Choi, J.Y., et al. Clin. Cancer Res. 15(16):5258-5266(2009)Yu, K.D., et al. Hum. Mol. Genet. 18(13):2502-2517(2009)