

CYSLTR1 Antibody (Center) Blocking Peptide

Synthetic peptide Catalog # BP14813c

Specification

CYSLTR1 Antibody (Center) Blocking Peptide - Product Information

Primary Accession

09Y271

CYSLTR1 Antibody (Center) Blocking Peptide - Additional Information

Gene ID 10800

Other Names

Cysteinyl leukotriene receptor 1, CysLTR1, Cysteinyl leukotriene D4 receptor, LTD4 receptor, G-protein coupled receptor HG55, HMTMF81, CYSLTR1, CYSLT1

Format

Peptides are lyophilized in a solid powder format. Peptides can be reconstituted in solution using the appropriate buffer as needed.

Storage

Maintain refrigerated at 2-8°C for up to 6 months. For long term storage store at -20°C.

Precautions

This product is for research use only. Not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

CYSLTR1 Antibody (Center) Blocking Peptide - Protein Information

Name CYSLTR1

Synonyms CYSLT1

Function

Receptor for cysteinyl leukotrienes mediating bronchoconstriction of individuals with and without asthma. Stimulation by LTD4 results in the contraction and proliferation of smooth muscle, edema, eosinophil migration and damage to the mucus layer in the lung. This response is mediated via a G-protein that activates a phosphatidylinositol-calcium second messenger system. The rank order of affinities for the leukotrienes is LTD4 >> LTE4 = LTC4 >> LTB4.

Cellular Location

Cell membrane; Multi-pass membrane protein.

Tissue Location

Widely expressed, with highest levels in spleen and peripheral blood leukocytes. Lower expression in several tissues, such as lung (mostly in smooth muscle bundles and alveolar macrophages), placenta, small intestine, pancreas, colon and heart



CYSLTR1 Antibody (Center) Blocking Peptide - Protocols

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

• Blocking Peptides

CYSLTR1 Antibody (Center) Blocking Peptide - Images

CYSLTR1 Antibody (Center) Blocking Peptide - Background

The cysteinyl leukotrienes LTC4, LTD4, and LTE4 are important mediators of human bronchial asthma. Pharmacologic studies have determined that cysteinyl leukotrienes activate at least 2 receptors, the protein encoded by this gene and CYSLTR2. This encoded receptor is a member of the superfamily of Gprotein-coupled receptors. Activation of this receptor by LTD4 results in contraction and proliferation of smooth muscle, oedema, eosinophil migration and damage to the mucus layer in the lung.

CYSLTR1 Antibody (Center) Blocking Peptide - References

Bailey, S.D., et al. Diabetes Care 33(10):2250-2253(2010)Boulay, M.E., et al. Prostaglandins Leukot. Essent. Fatty Acids 83(1):15-22(2010)Schuurhof, A., et al. Pediatr. Pulmonol. 45(6):608-613(2010)Hasegawa, S., et al. Platelets 21(4):253-259(2010)Sokolowska, M., et al. BMC Immunol. 10, 63 (2009):