

PFN2 Antibody (C-term) Blocking Peptide

Synthetic peptide Catalog # BP16001b

Specification

PFN2 Antibody (C-term) Blocking Peptide - Product Information

Primary Accession

P35080

PFN2 Antibody (C-term) Blocking Peptide - Additional Information

Gene ID 5217

Other Names

Profilin-2, Profilin II, PFN2

Format

Peptides are lyophilized in a solid powder format. Peptides can be reconstituted in solution using the appropriate buffer as needed.

Storage

Maintain refrigerated at 2-8°C for up to 6 months. For long term storage store at -20°C.

Precautions

This product is for research use only. Not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

PFN2 Antibody (C-term) Blocking Peptide - Protein Information

Name PFN2

Function

Binds to actin and affects the structure of the cytoskeleton. At high concentrations, profilin prevents the polymerization of actin, whereas it enhances it at low concentrations. By binding to PIP2, it inhibits the formation of IP3 and DG.

Cellular Location

Cytoplasm, cytoskeleton.

Tissue Location

Highly expressed in brain, skeletal muscle and kidney and less strongly in heart, placenta, lung and liver

PFN2 Antibody (C-term) Blocking Peptide - Protocols

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

• Blocking Peptides



PFN2 Antibody (C-term) Blocking Peptide - Images PFN2 Antibody (C-term) Blocking Peptide - Background

The protein encoded by this gene is a ubiquitous actinmonomer-binding protein belonging to the profilin family. It isthought to regulate actin polymerization in response toextracellular signals. There are two alternatively splicedtranscript variants encoding different isoforms described for thisgene.

PFN2 Antibody (C-term) Blocking Peptide - References

Shao, J., et al. Mol. Cell. Biol. 28(17):5196-5208(2008)Rikova, K., et al. Cell 131(6):1190-1203(2007)Xu, J., et al. Cell. Signal. 19(7):1575-1582(2007)Stelzl, U., et al. Cell 122(6):957-968(2005)Lederer, M., et al. J. Cell. Sci. 118 (PT 2), 331-341 (2005):