

FOLR2 Antibody (N-term) Blocking Peptide

Synthetic peptide Catalog # BP16014a

Specification

FOLR2 Antibody (N-term) Blocking Peptide - Product Information

Primary Accession P14207

FOLR2 Antibody (N-term) Blocking Peptide - Additional Information

Gene ID 2350

Other Names

Folate receptor beta, FR-beta, Folate receptor 2, Folate receptor, fetal/placental, Placental folate-binding protein, FBP, FOLR2

Format

Peptides are lyophilized in a solid powder format. Peptides can be reconstituted in solution using the appropriate buffer as needed.

Storage

Maintain refrigerated at 2-8°C for up to 6 months. For long term storage store at -20°C.

Precautions

This product is for research use only. Not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

FOLR2 Antibody (N-term) Blocking Peptide - Protein Information

Name FOLR2

Function

Binds to folate and reduced folic acid derivatives and mediates delivery of 5-methyltetrahydrofolate and folate analogs into the interior of cells. Has high affinity for folate and folic acid analogs at neutral pH. Exposure to slightly acidic pH after receptor endocytosis triggers a conformation change that strongly reduces its affinity for folates and mediates their release.

Cellular Location

Cell membrane; Lipid-anchor, GPI-anchor. Secreted

Tissue Location

Expressed in placenta and hematopoietic cells. Expression is increased in malignant tissues

FOLR2 Antibody (N-term) Blocking Peptide - Protocols

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.



Tel: 858.875.1900 Fax: 858.875.1999

• Blocking Peptides

FOLR2 Antibody (N-term) Blocking Peptide - Images

FOLR2 Antibody (N-term) Blocking Peptide - Background

The protein encoded by this gene is a member of the folatereceptor (FOLR) family, and these genes exist in a cluster onchromosome 11. Members of this gene family have a high affinity forfolic acid and for several reduced folic acid derivatives, and theymediate delivery of 5-methyltetrahydrofolate to the interior ofcells. This protein has a 68% and 79% sequence homology with the FOLR1 and FOLR3 proteins, respectively. Although this protein wasoriginally thought to be specific to placenta, it can also exist inother tissues, and it may play a role in the transport ofmethotrexate in synovial macrophages in rheumatoid arthritispatients. Multiple transcript variants that encode the same proteinhave been found for this gene.

FOLR2 Antibody (N-term) Blocking Peptide - References

Bailey, S.D., et al. Diabetes Care 33(10):2250-2253(2010)O'Byrne, M.R., et al. Birth Defects Res. Part A Clin. Mol. Teratol. 88(8):689-694(2010) Jugessur, A., et al. PLoS ONE 5 (7), E11493 (2010) :Yokoyama, K., et al. Nephron Clin Pract 115 (4), C237-C243 (2010) :Puig-Kroger, A., et al. Cancer Res. 69(24):9395-9403(2009)