

RNF4 Antibody (C-term) Blocking Peptide Synthetic peptide Catalog # BP16278b

### Specification

# **RNF4 Antibody (C-term) Blocking Peptide - Product Information**

Primary Accession

#### <u>P78317</u>

## **RNF4** Antibody (C-term) Blocking Peptide - Additional Information

Gene ID 6047

**Other Names** 

E3 ubiquitin-protein ligase RNF4, 632-, RING finger protein 4, Small nuclear ring finger protein, Protein SNURF, RNF4, SNURF

Format

Peptides are lyophilized in a solid powder format. Peptides can be reconstituted in solution using the appropriate buffer as needed.

Storage

Maintain refrigerated at 2-8°C for up to 6 months. For long term storage store at -20°C.

Precautions

This product is for research use only. Not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

# **RNF4 Antibody (C-term) Blocking Peptide - Protein Information**

Name RNF4 {ECO:0000303|PubMed:15815621, ECO:0000312|HGNC:HGNC:10067}

Function

E3 ubiguitin-protein ligase which binds polysumoylated chains covalently attached to proteins and mediates 'Lys-6'-, 'Lys-11'-, 'Lys- 48'- and 'Lys-63'-linked polyubiquitination of those substrates and their subsequent targeting to the proteasome for degradation (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/18408734" target=" blank">18408734</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/19307308" target=" blank">19307308</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/35013556" target=" blank">35013556</a>). Regulates the degradation of several proteins including PML and the transcriptional activator PEA3 (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/18408734" target="\_blank">18408734</a>, PubMed: <a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/19307308" target="\_blank">19307308</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/20943951" target="blank">20943951</a>). Involved in chromosome alignment and spindle assembly, it regulates the kinetochore CENPH-CENPI-CENPK complex by targeting polysumoylated CENPI to proteasomal degradation (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/20212317" target=" blank">20212317</a>). Regulates the cellular responses to hypoxia and heat shock through degradation of respectively EPAS1 and PARP1 (PubMed: <a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/19779455" target=" blank">19779455</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/20026589" target=" blank">20026589</a>). Alternatively, it may also bind DNA/nucleosomes and have a



more direct role in the regulation of transcription for instance enhancing basal transcription and steroid receptor-mediated transcriptional activation (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/12885770" target="\_blank">12885770</a>). Catalyzes ubiquitination of sumoylated PARP1 in response to PARP1 trapping to chromatin, leading to PARP1 removal from chromatin by VCP/p97 (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/35013556" target="\_blank">35013556</a>).

**Cellular Location** Cytoplasm. Nucleus. Nucleus, PML body

**Tissue Location** Widely expressed at low levels in many tissues; highly expressed in testis.

# **RNF4 Antibody (C-term) Blocking Peptide - Protocols**

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

#### <u>Blocking Peptides</u>

## RNF4 Antibody (C-term) Blocking Peptide - Images

## RNF4 Antibody (C-term) Blocking Peptide - Background

The protein encoded by this gene contains a RING fingermotif and acts as a transcription regulator. This protein has beenshown to interact with, and inhibit the activity of, TRPS1, atranscription suppressor of GATA-mediated transcription.Transcription repressor ZNF278/PATZ is found to interact with thisprotein, and thus reduce the enhancement of androgenreceptor-dependent transcription mediated by this protein. Studiesof the mouse and rat counterparts suggested a role of this proteinin spermatogenesis. A pseudogene of this gene is found onchromosome 1.

#### **RNF4 Antibody (C-term) Blocking Peptide - References**

Hu, X.V., et al. Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. U.S.A. 107(34):15087-15092(2010)Rose, J.E., et al. Mol. Med. 16 (7-8), 247-253 (2010) :Salonen, J., et al. Mol. Cell. Endocrinol. 307 (1-2), 205-210 (2009) :Percherancier, Y., et al. J. Biol. Chem. 284(24):16595-16608(2009)Tatham, M.H., et al. Nat. Cell Biol. 10(5):538-546(2008)