

SiglecL1 Antibody (N-term) Blocking Peptide Synthetic peptide Catalog # BP1632a

## Specification

## SiglecL1 Antibody (N-term) Blocking Peptide - Product Information

Primary Accession

## <u>Q96PQ1</u>

## SiglecL1 Antibody (N-term) Blocking Peptide - Additional Information

Gene ID 89858

**Other Names** Sialic acid-binding Ig-like lectin 12, Siglec-12, Sialic acid-binding Ig-like lectin-like 1, Siglec-L1, SIGLEC12, SIGLECL1, SLG

#### Target/Specificity

The synthetic peptide sequence used to generate the antibody <a href=/product/products/AP1632a>AP1632a</a> was selected from the N-term region of human SiglecL1 . A 10 to 100 fold molar excess to antibody is recommended. Precise conditions should be optimized for a particular assay.

Format

Peptides are lyophilized in a solid powder format. Peptides can be reconstituted in solution using the appropriate buffer as needed.

## **Storage** Maintain refrigerated at 2-8°C for up to 6 months. For long term storage store at -20°C.

**Precautions** This product is for research use only. Not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

# SiglecL1 Antibody (N-term) Blocking Peptide - Protein Information

Name SIGLEC12

Synonyms SIGLECL1, SLG

Function

Putative adhesion molecule that mediates sialic-acid dependent binding to cells. The sialic acid recognition site may be masked by cis interactions with sialic acids on the same cell surface.

**Cellular Location** 

Membrane; Single-pass type I membrane protein.

#### Tissue Location

Isoform Short is highly expressed in spleen, small intestine and adrenal gland; it is lower expressed in thyroid, placenta, brain, stomach, bone marrow, spinal cord and breast. Isoform Long



is highly expressed in spleen, small intestine and bone marrow; it is lower expressed in thyroid, placenta, thymus, trachea, stomach, lung, adrenal gland, fetal brain and testis

## SiglecL1 Antibody (N-term) Blocking Peptide - Protocols

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

### Blocking Peptides

## SiglecL1 Antibody (N-term) Blocking Peptide - Images

## SiglecL1 Antibody (N-term) Blocking Peptide - Background

Sialic acid-binding immunoglobulin-like lectins (SIGLECs) are a family of cell surface proteins belonging to the immunoglobulin superfamily. They mediate protein-carbohydrate interactions by selectively binding to different sialic acid moieties present on glycolipids and glycoproteins. SiglecL1 a member of the SIGLEC3-like subfamily of SIGLECs. Members of this subfamily are characterized by an extracellular V-set immunoglobulin-like domain followed by two C2-set immunoglobulin-like domains, and the cytoplasmic tyrosine-based motifs ITIM and SLAM-like. The encoded protein, upon tyrosine phosphorylation, has been shown to recruit the Src homology 2 domain-containing protein-tyrosine phosphatases SHP1 and SHP2. It has been suggested that the protein is involved in the negative regulation of macrophage signaling by functioning as an inhibitory receptor. This gene is located in a cluster with other SIGLEC3-like genes on 19q13.4. Alternatively spliced transcript variants encoding distinct isoforms have been described for this gene.

## SiglecL1 Antibody (N-term) Blocking Peptide - References

Clark, H.F., et al., Genome Res. 13(10):2265-2270 (2003).Yu, Z., et al., J. Biol. Chem. 276(26):23816-23824 (2001).Angata, T., et al., J. Biol. Chem. 276(43):40282-40287 (2001).Foussias, G., et al., Biochem. Biophys. Res. Commun. 284(4):887-899 (2001).