

PIGP Antibody (N-term) Blocking Peptide

Synthetic peptide Catalog # BP16809a

Specification

PIGP Antibody (N-term) Blocking Peptide - Product Information

Primary Accession

P57054

PIGP Antibody (N-term) Blocking Peptide - Additional Information

Gene ID 51227

Other Names

Phosphatidylinositol N-acetylglucosaminyltransferase subunit P, Down syndrome critical region protein 5, Down syndrome critical region protein C, Phosphatidylinositol-glycan biosynthesis class P protein, PIG-P, PIGP, DCRC, DSCR5, DSCRC

Format

Peptides are lyophilized in a solid powder format. Peptides can be reconstituted in solution using the appropriate buffer as needed.

Storage

Maintain refrigerated at 2-8°C for up to 6 months. For long term storage store at -20°C.

Precautions

This product is for research use only. Not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

PIGP Antibody (N-term) Blocking Peptide - Protein Information

Name PIGP (HGNC:3046)

Synonyms DCRC, DSCR5, DSCRC

Function

Part of the glycosylphosphatidylinositol-N- acetylglucosaminyltransferase (GPI-GnT) complex that catalyzes the transfer of N-acetylglucosamine from UDP-N-acetylglucosamine to phosphatidylinositol and participates in the first step of GPI biosynthesis.

Cellular Location

Membrane; Multi-pass membrane protein

Tissue Location

Ubiquitous.

PIGP Antibody (N-term) Blocking Peptide - Protocols



Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

• Blocking Peptides

PIGP Antibody (N-term) Blocking Peptide - Images

PIGP Antibody (N-term) Blocking Peptide - Background

This gene encodes an enzyme involved in the first step ofglycosylphosphatidylinositol (GPI)-anchor biosynthesis. TheGPI-anchor is a glycolipid found on many blood cells that serves toanchor proteins to the cell surface. The encoded protein is acomponent of the GPI-N-acetylglucosaminyltransferase complex thatcatalyzes the transfer of N-acetylglucosamine (GlcNAc) fromUDP-GlcNAc to phosphatidylinositol (PI). This gene is located inthe Down Syndrome critical region on chromosome 21 and is acandidate for the pathogenesis of Down syndrome. Alternativelyspliced transcript variants encoding different isoforms have beendescribed.

PIGP Antibody (N-term) Blocking Peptide - References

Rose, J.E., et al. Mol. Med. 16 (7-8), 247-253 (2010) :Ferrando-Miguel, R., et al. Amino Acids 26(3):255-261(2004)Choi, D.K., et al. Mamm. Genome 12(5):347-351(2001)Kinoshita, T., et al. Curr Opin Chem Biol 4(6):632-638(2000)Watanabe, R., et al. EMBO J. 19(16):4402-4411(2000)