

P4HA1 Antibody (C-term) Blocking Peptide
Synthetic peptide
Catalog # BP17086b**Specification**

P4HA1 Antibody (C-term) Blocking Peptide - Product Information

Primary Accession [P13674](#)

P4HA1 Antibody (C-term) Blocking Peptide - Additional Information

Gene ID 5033

Other Names

Prolyl 4-hydroxylase subunit alpha-1, 4-PH alpha-1, Procollagen-proline,
2-oxoglutarate-4-dioxygenase subunit alpha-1, P4HA1, P4HA

Format

Peptides are lyophilized in a solid powder format. Peptides can be reconstituted in solution using the appropriate buffer as needed.

Storage

Maintain refrigerated at 2-8°C for up to 6 months. For long term storage store at -20°C.

Precautions

This product is for research use only. Not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

P4HA1 Antibody (C-term) Blocking Peptide - Protein Information

Name P4HA1

Synonyms P4HA

Function

Catalyzes the post-translational formation of 4- hydroxyproline in -Xaa-Pro-Gly- sequences in collagens and other proteins.

Cellular Location

Endoplasmic reticulum lumen.

Tissue Location

Expressed in the heart, liver, skeletal muscle, kidney, placenta, lung and pancreas.

P4HA1 Antibody (C-term) Blocking Peptide - Protocols

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

- [Blocking Peptides](#)

P4HA1 Antibody (C-term) Blocking Peptide - Images

P4HA1 Antibody (C-term) Blocking Peptide - Background

This gene encodes a component of prolyl 4-hydroxylase, a key enzyme in collagen synthesis composed of two identical alpha subunits and two beta subunits. The encoded protein is one of several different types of alpha subunits and provides the major part of the catalytic site of the active enzyme. In collagen and related proteins, prolyl 4-hydroxylase catalyzes the formation of 4-hydroxyproline that is essential to the proper three-dimensional folding of newly synthesized procollagen chains. Alternatively spliced transcript variants encoding different isoforms have been described.

P4HA1 Antibody (C-term) Blocking Peptide - References

Rose, J. Phd, et al. Mol. Med. (2010) In press : Gorres, K.L., et al. PLoS ONE 4 (11), E7635 (2009)
: Koivunen, P., et al. J. Biol. Chem. 281(39):28712-28720(2006) Fahling, M., et al. J. Biol. Chem. 281(36):26089-26101(2006) Grimmer, C., et al. Am. J. Pathol. 169(2):491-502(2006)