

KCNN1 Antibody (C-term) Blocking Peptide

Synthetic peptide Catalog # BP17223b

Specification

KCNN1 Antibody (C-term) Blocking Peptide - Product Information

Primary Accession

KCNN1 Antibody (C-term) Blocking Peptide - Additional Information

Gene ID 3780

Other Names

Small conductance calcium-activated potassium channel protein 1, SK1, SKCa 1, SKCa1, KCa21, KCNN1, SK

092952

Format

Peptides are lyophilized in a solid powder format. Peptides can be reconstituted in solution using the appropriate buffer as needed.

Storage

Maintain refrigerated at 2-8°C for up to 6 months. For long term storage store at -20°C.

Precautions

This product is for research use only. Not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

KCNN1 Antibody (C-term) Blocking Peptide - Protein Information

Name KCNN1

Synonyms SK

Function

Forms a voltage-independent potassium channel activated by intracellular calcium (PubMed:8781233, PubMed:9287325, PubMed:17142458). Activation is followed by membrane hyperpolarization (By similarity). Thought to regulate neuronal excitability by contributing to the slow component of synaptic afterhyperpolarization (By similarity).

Cellular Location

Membrane; Multi-pass membrane protein.

KCNN1 Antibody (C-term) Blocking Peptide - Protocols

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.



• Blocking Peptides

KCNN1 Antibody (C-term) Blocking Peptide - Images

KCNN1 Antibody (C-term) Blocking Peptide - Background

Action potentials in vertebrate neurons are followed by anafterhyperpolarization (AHP) that may persist for several seconds and may have profound consequences for the firing pattern of theneuron. Each component of the AHP is kinetically distinct and ismediated by different calcium-activated potassium channels. The protein encoded by this gene is activated before membranehyperpolarization and is thought to regulate neuronal excitability contributing to the slow component of synaptic AHP. The encoded protein is an integral membrane protein that forms avoltage-independent calcium-activated channel with three other calmodulin-binding subunits. This gene is a member of the KCNN family of potassium channel genes.

KCNN1 Antibody (C-term) Blocking Peptide - References

Wu, C., et al. Proteomics 7(11):1775-1785(2007)Wei, A.D., et al. Pharmacol. Rev. 57(4):463-472(2005)Arnold, S.J., et al. Neuroreport 14(2):191-195(2003)Boettger, M.K., et al. Brain 125 (PT 2), 252-263 (2002):Zhang, B.M., et al. Biochemistry 40(10):3189-3195(2001)