

**KCNK16 Antibody (C-term) Blocking Peptide**  
**Synthetic peptide**  
**Catalog # BP17824b****Specification**

---

**KCNK16 Antibody (C-term) Blocking Peptide - Product Information**

Primary Accession [Q96T55](#)

**KCNK16 Antibody (C-term) Blocking Peptide - Additional Information**

**Gene ID** 83795

**Other Names**

Potassium channel subfamily K member 16, 2P domain potassium channel Talk-1, TWIK-related alkaline pH-activated K(+) channel 1, TALK-1, KCNK16, TALK1

**Format**

Peptides are lyophilized in a solid powder format. Peptides can be reconstituted in solution using the appropriate buffer as needed.

**Storage**

Maintain refrigerated at 2-8°C for up to 6 months. For long term storage store at -20°C.

**Precautions**

This product is for research use only. Not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

**KCNK16 Antibody (C-term) Blocking Peptide - Protein Information**

**Name** KCNK16

**Synonyms** TALK1

**Function**

Outward rectifying potassium channel. Produces rapidly activating and non-inactivating outward rectifier K(+) currents.

**Cellular Location**

Membrane; Multi-pass membrane protein.

**Tissue Location**

Highly expressed in pancreas. Not detectable in the other tissues tested.

**KCNK16 Antibody (C-term) Blocking Peptide - Protocols**

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

- [Blocking Peptides](#)

#### **KCNK16 Antibody (C-term) Blocking Peptide - Images**

#### **KCNK16 Antibody (C-term) Blocking Peptide - Background**

The protein encoded by this gene belongs to the family of potassium channel proteins containing two pore-forming P domains. This channel is an open rectifier which primarily passes outward current under physiological K<sup>+</sup> concentrations. This gene is expressed predominantly in the pancreas and is activated at alkaline pH. Several alternatively spliced transcript variants encoding different isoforms have been identified for this gene.

#### **KCNK16 Antibody (C-term) Blocking Peptide - References**

Gierten, J., et al. Br. J. Pharmacol. 154(8):1680-1690(2008) Goldstein, S.A., et al. Pharmacol. Rev. 57(4):527-540(2005) Mungall, A.J., et al. Nature 425(6960):805-811(2003) Han, J., et al. Am. J. Physiol., Cell Physiol. 285 (3), C529-C538 (2003) : Girard, C., et al. Biochem. Biophys. Res. Commun. 282(1):249-256(2001)