

**FUT9 Antibody (C-term) Blocking Peptide**  
**Synthetic peptide**  
**Catalog # BP18012b****Specification****FUT9 Antibody (C-term) Blocking Peptide - Product Information**

Primary Accession [Q9Y231](#)

**FUT9 Antibody (C-term) Blocking Peptide - Additional Information**

Gene ID 10690

**Other Names**

Alpha-(1, 3)-fucosyltransferase 9, 241-, Fucosyltransferase 9, Fucosyltransferase IX, Fuc-TIX, FucT-IX, Galactoside 3-L-fucosyltransferase, FUT9

**Format**

Peptides are lyophilized in a solid powder format. Peptides can be reconstituted in solution using the appropriate buffer as needed.

**Storage**

Maintain refrigerated at 2-8°C for up to 6 months. For long term storage store at -20°C.

**Precautions**

This product is for research use only. Not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

**FUT9 Antibody (C-term) Blocking Peptide - Protein Information**

Name FUT9 {ECO:0000303|PubMed:10929005, ECO:0000312|HGNC:HGNC:4020}

**Function**

Catalyzes alpha(1->3) linkage of fucosyl moiety transferred from GDP-beta-L-fucose to N-acetyl glucosamine (GlcNAc) within type 2 lactosamine (LacNAc, beta-D-Gal-(1->4)-beta-D-GlcNAc-) glycan attached to glycolipids and N- or O-linked glycoproteins. Fucosylates distal type 2 LacNAc and its fucosylated (H-type 2 LacNAc) and sialylated (sialyl-type 2 LacNAc) derivatives to form Lewis x (Lex) (CD15) and Lewis y (Ley) antigenic epitopes involved in cell adhesion and differentiation (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/10622713" target="\_blank">10622713</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/11278338" target="\_blank">11278338</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/12107078" target="\_blank">12107078</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/16282604" target="\_blank">16282604</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/17335083" target="\_blank">17335083</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/18395013" target="\_blank">18395013</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/23192350" target="\_blank">23192350</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/23263199" target="\_blank">23263199</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/29593094" target="\_blank">29593094</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/37202521" target="\_blank">37202521</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/10386598" target="\_blank">10386598</a>). Generates Lex epitopes in the brain, presumably playing a role

in the maintenance of neuronal stemness and neurite outgrowth in progenitor neural cells (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/17335083" target="\_blank">17335083</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/23000574" target="\_blank">23000574</a>) (By similarity). Fucosylates the internal type 2 LacNAc unit of the polylactosamine chain to form VIM-2 antigen that serves as recognition epitope for SELE (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/23192350" target="\_blank">23192350</a>). Can also modify milk oligosaccharides, in particular type 2 tetrasaccharide LNnT (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/37202521" target="\_blank">37202521</a>).

#### **Cellular Location**

Golgi apparatus, trans-Golgi network membrane; Single-pass type II membrane protein {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:Q6P4F1}. Golgi apparatus membrane {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:O88819}

#### **Tissue Location**

Strongly expressed in forebrain and stomach, lower expression in spleen and peripheral blood leukocytes, and no expression in small intestine, colon, liver, lung, kidney, adrenal cortex or uterus (PubMed:10386598). Highly expressed in granulocytes. Not expressed in monocytes (PubMed:11278338).

### **FUT9 Antibody (C-term) Blocking Peptide - Protocols**

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

- [Blocking Peptides](#)

### **FUT9 Antibody (C-term) Blocking Peptide - Images**

### **FUT9 Antibody (C-term) Blocking Peptide - Background**

FUT9 is one of several alpha-3-fucosyltransferases that can catalyze the last step in the biosynthesis of Lewis antigen, the addition of a fucose to precursor polysaccharides. FUT9 synthesizes the LeX oligosaccharide (CD15), which is expressed in organ buds progressing in mesenchyma during human embryogenesis.

### **FUT9 Antibody (C-term) Blocking Peptide - References**

Rose, J. Phd, et al. Mol. Med. (2010) In press :Sikora, M., et al. Hum. Mol. Genet. 18(16):3136-3144(2009) Brito, C., et al. Biochimie 90(9):1279-1290(2008) Bogoevska, V., et al. Glycobiology 16(3):197-209(2006) Mungall, A.J., et al. Nature 425(6960):805-811(2003)