

Mouse TSC1 (Center S555) Blocking peptide
Synthetic peptide
Catalog # BP19568c**Specification**

Mouse TSC1 (Center S555) Blocking peptide - Product InformationPrimary Accession [Q9EP53](#)**Mouse TSC1 (Center S555) Blocking peptide - Additional Information**

Gene ID 64930

Other Names

Hamartin, Tuberous sclerosis 1 protein homolog, Tsc1, Kiaa0243

Format

Peptides are lyophilized in a solid powder format. Peptides can be reconstituted in solution using the appropriate buffer as needed.

Storage

Maintain refrigerated at 2-8°C for up to 6 months. For long term storage store at -20°C.

Precautions

This product is for research use only. Not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

Mouse TSC1 (Center S555) Blocking peptide - Protein Information**Name** Tsc1 {ECO:0000303|PubMed:11130985, ECO:0000312|MGI:MGI:1929183}**Function**

Non-catalytic component of the TSC-TBC complex, a multiprotein complex that acts as a negative regulator of the canonical mTORC1 complex, an evolutionarily conserved central nutrient sensor that stimulates anabolic reactions and macromolecule biosynthesis to promote cellular biomass generation and growth (PubMed:12820960). The TSC-TBC complex acts as a GTPase-activating protein (GAP) for the small GTPase RHEB, a direct activator of the protein kinase activity of mTORC1 (PubMed:12820960). In absence of nutrients, the TSC-TBC complex inhibits mTORC1, thereby preventing phosphorylation of ribosomal protein S6 kinase (RPS6KB1 and RPS6KB2) and EIF4EBP1 (4E-BP1) by the mTORC1 signaling (PubMed:12820960). The TSC-TBC complex is inactivated in response to nutrients, relieving inhibition of mTORC1 (By similarity). Within the TSC-TBC complex, TSC1 stabilizes TSC2 and prevents TSC2 self-aggregation (By similarity). Involved in microtubule-mediated protein transport via its ability to regulate mTORC1 signaling (PubMed:16707451). Also acts as a co-chaperone for HSP90AA1 facilitating HSP90AA1 chaperoning of protein clients such as kinases, TSC2 and glucocorticoid receptor NR3C1 (By similarity). Increases ATP binding to HSP90AA1 and inhibits HSP90AA1 ATPase activity (PubMed:16707451).

[>29127155\). Competes with the activating co-chaperone AHSA1 for binding to HSP90AA1, thereby providing a reciprocal regulatory mechanism for chaperoning of client proteins \(By similarity\). Recruits TSC2 to HSP90AA1 and stabilizes TSC2 by preventing the interaction between TSC2 and ubiquitin ligase HERC1 \(By similarity\).](http://www.uniprot.org/citations/29127155)

Cellular Location

Lysosome membrane {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:Q92574}; Peripheral membrane protein {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:Q92574}. Cytoplasm, cytosol {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:Q92574}. Note=Recruited to lysosomal membranes in a RHEB-dependent process in absence of nutrients. In response to nutrients, the complex dissociates from lysosomal membranes and relocates to the cytosol. {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:Q92574}

Mouse TSC1 (Center S555) Blocking peptide - Protocols

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

- [Blocking Peptides](#)

Mouse TSC1 (Center S555) Blocking peptide - Images

Mouse TSC1 (Center S555) Blocking peptide - Background

In complex with TSC2, inhibits the nutrient-mediated or growth factor-stimulated phosphorylation of S6K1 and EIF4EBP1 by negatively regulating mTORC1 signaling (By similarity). Implicated as a tumor suppressor. Involved in microtubule-mediated protein transport, but this seems to be due to unregulated mTOR signaling (By similarity).

Mouse TSC1 (Center S555) Blocking peptide - References

Kladney, R.D., et al. Cancer Res. 70(21):8937-8947(2010)Sathaliyawala, T., et al. Immunity 33(4):597-606(2010)Scott, C.L., et al. Am. J. Physiol. Lung Cell Mol. Physiol. 299 (4), L455-L471 (2010) :Bartolome, A., et al. Endocrinology 151(7):3084-3094(2010)Squarize, C.H., et al. PLoS ONE 5 (5), E10643 (2010) :