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ATP1A3 Blocking Peptide (Center)

Synthetic peptide
Catalog # BP20032c

Specification

ATP1A3 Blocking Peptide (Center) - Product Information

Primary Accession	P13637
Other Accession	P06687, Q6PIC6, P24797, NP_689509.1

ATP1A3 Blocking Peptide (Center) - Additional Information

Gene ID 478

Other Names
Sodium/potassium-transporting ATPase subunit alpha-3, Na(+)/K(+) ATPase alpha-3 subunit, Na(+)/K(+) ATPase alpha(III) subunit, Sodium pump subunit alpha-3, ATP1A3

Target/Specificity
The synthetic peptide sequence is selected from aa 820-833 of HUMAN ATP1A3

Format
Peptides are lyophilized in a solid powder format. Peptides can be reconstituted in solution using the appropriate buffer as needed.

Storage
Maintain refrigerated at 2-8°C for up to 6 months. For long term storage store at -20°C.

Precautions
This product is for research use only. Not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

ATP1A3 Blocking Peptide (Center) - Protein Information

Name ATP1A3

Function
This is the catalytic component of the active enzyme, which catalyzes the hydrolysis of ATP coupled with the exchange of sodium and potassium ions across the plasma membrane. This action creates the electrochemical gradient of sodium and potassium ions, providing the energy for active transport of various nutrients.

Cellular Location
Cell membrane; Multi-pass membrane protein

ATP1A3 Blocking Peptide (Center) - Protocols

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

- Blocking Peptides

ATP1A3 Blocking Peptide (Center) - Images

ATP1A3 Blocking Peptide (Center) - Background

The protein encoded by this gene belongs to the family of P-type cation transport ATPases, and to the subfamily of Na+/K+ -ATPases. Na+/K+ -ATPase is an integral membrane protein responsible for establishing and maintaining the electrochemical gradients of Na and K ions across the plasma membrane. These gradients are essential for osmoregulation, for sodium-coupled transport of a variety of organic and inorganic molecules, and for electrical excitability of nerve and muscle. This enzyme is composed of two subunits, a large catalytic subunit (alpha) and a smaller glycoprotein subunit (beta). The catalytic subunit of Na+/K+ -ATPase is encoded by multiple genes. This gene encodes an alpha 3 subunit.

ATP1A3 Blocking Peptide (Center) - References

Einholm, A.P., et al. J. Biol. Chem. 285(34):26245-26254(2010)
Floyd, R.V., et al. Reprod Sci 17(4):366-376(2010)
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