

### PDX1 Antibody (C-term) Blocking Peptide Synthetic peptide

Catalog # BP2034b

## Specification

# PDX1 Antibody (C-term) Blocking Peptide - Product Information

Primary Accession

<u>000330</u>

# PDX1 Antibody (C-term) Blocking Peptide - Additional Information

Gene ID 8050

#### **Other Names**

Pyruvate dehydrogenase protein X component, mitochondrial, Dihydrolipoamide dehydrogenase-binding protein of pyruvate dehydrogenase complex, E3-binding protein, E3BP, Lipoyl-containing pyruvate dehydrogenase complex component X, proX, PDHX, PDX1

### Target/Specificity

The synthetic peptide sequence used to generate the antibody <a href=/product/products/AP2034b>AP2034b</a> was selected from the C-term region of human PDX1 . A 10 to 100 fold molar excess to antibody is recommended. Precise conditions should be optimized for a particular assay.

Format

Peptides are lyophilized in a solid powder format. Peptides can be reconstituted in solution using the appropriate buffer as needed.

### Storage

Maintain refrigerated at 2-8°C for up to 6 months. For long term storage store at -20°C.

#### Precautions

This product is for research use only. Not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

### PDX1 Antibody (C-term) Blocking Peptide - Protein Information

#### Name PDHX

Synonyms PDX1

#### Function

Required for anchoring dihydrolipoamide dehydrogenase (E3) to the dihydrolipoamide transacetylase (E2) core of the pyruvate dehydrogenase complexes of eukaryotes. This specific binding is essential for a functional PDH complex.

**Cellular Location** Mitochondrion matrix.



# PDX1 Antibody (C-term) Blocking Peptide - Protocols

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

### • **Blocking Peptides**

# PDX1 Antibody (C-term) Blocking Peptide - Images

## PDX1 Antibody (C-term) Blocking Peptide - Background

PDX1, located in the mitochondrial matrix, is required for anchoring dihydrolipoamide dehydrogenase (E3) to the dihydrolipoamide transacetylase (E2) core of the pyruvate dehydrogenase complexes of eukaryotes. This specific binding is essential for a functional PDH complex. Eukaryotic pyruvate dehydrogenase complexes are organized about a core consisting of the oligomeric dihydrolipoamide acetyl-transferase, around which are arranged multiple copies of pyruvate dehydrogenase, dihydrolipoamide dehydrogenase and protein X bound by noncovalent bonds. Defects in PDHX are a cause of lacticacidemia. PDX1 belongs to the 2-oxoacid dehydrogenase family and contains 1 lipoyl-binding domain.

## PDX1 Antibody (C-term) Blocking Peptide - References

Ling, M., et al., Hum. Mol. Genet. 7(3):501-505 (1998).Harris, R.A., et al., J. Biol. Chem. 272(32):19746-19751 (1997).Murray, J., et al., FEBS Lett. 529 (2-3), 173-178 (2002).