

NOVA1 Blocking Peptide (Center)

Synthetic peptide Catalog # BP20983a

Specification

NOVA1 Blocking Peptide (Center) - Product Information

Primary Accession P51513
Other Accession O9JKN6

NOVA1 Blocking Peptide (Center) - Additional Information

Gene ID 4857

Other Names

RNA-binding protein Nova-1, Neuro-oncological ventral antigen 1, Onconeural ventral antigen 1, Paraneoplastic Ri antigen, Ventral neuron-specific protein 1, NOVA1

Target/Specificity

The synthetic peptide sequence is selected from aa 139-153 of HUMAN NOVA1

Format

Peptides are lyophilized in a solid powder format. Peptides can be reconstituted in solution using the appropriate buffer as needed.

Storage

Maintain refrigerated at 2-8°C for up to 6 months. For long term storage store at -20°C.

Precautions

This product is for research use only. Not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

NOVA1 Blocking Peptide (Center) - Protein Information

Name NOVA1 (HGNC:7886)

Function

Functions to regulate alternative splicing in neurons by binding pre-mRNA in a sequence-specific manner to activate exon inclusion or exclusion. It binds specifically to the sequences 5'-YCAY- 3' and regulates splicing in only a subset of regulated exons (PubMed:10811881). Binding to an exonic 5'-YCAY-3' cluster changes the protein complexes assembled on pre-mRNA, blocking U1 snRNP binding and exon inclusion, whereas binding to an intronic 5'-YCAY-3' cluster enhances spliceosome assembly and exon inclusion. Binding to 5'-YCAY-3' clusters results in a local and asymmetric action to regulate spliceosome assembly and alternative splicing in neurons. Binding to an exonic 5'-YCAY-3' cluster changed the protein complexes assembled on pre-mRNA, blocking U1 snRNP (small nuclear ribonucleoprotein) binding and exon inclusion, whereas binding to an intronic 5'-YCAY-3' cluster enhanced spliceosome assembly and exon inclusion. With NOVA1, they perform unique biological functions in different brain areas and cell types. Autoregulates its own expression by acting as a splicing repressor. Acts to activate the inclusion of exon E3A in the



glycine receptor alpha-2 chain and of exon E9 in gamma-aminobutyric-acid receptor gamma-2 subunit via a distal downstream UCAU-rich intronic splicing enhancer. Acts to regulate a novel glycine receptor alpha-2 chain splice variant (alpha-2N) in developing spinal cord (By similarity).

Cellular Location

Nucleus {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:Q9|KN6}.

Tissue Location

Expressed in cerebellum, brain stem, hippocampus, and frontal cortex.

NOVA1 Blocking Peptide (Center) - Protocols

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

• Blocking Peptides

NOVA1 Blocking Peptide (Center) - Images

NOVA1 Blocking Peptide (Center) - Background

May regulate RNA splicing or metabolism in a specific subset of developing neurons.

NOVA1 Blocking Peptide (Center) - References

Buckanovich R.J.,et al.Neuron 11:657-672(1993). Ota T.,et al.Nat. Genet. 36:40-45(2004). Venter J.C.,et al.Science 291:1304-1351(2001). Mural R.J.,et al.Submitted (SEP-2005) to the EMBL/GenBank/DDBJ databases. Dmitrenko V.V.,et al.Submitted (APR-1996) to the EMBL/GenBank/DDBJ databases.