

Catalog # BP21128a

Mouse Srms Blocking Peptide (Center) Synthetic peptide

## Specification

# Mouse Srms Blocking Peptide (Center) - Product Information

Primary Accession

### <u>Q62270</u>

## Mouse Srms Blocking Peptide (Center) - Additional Information

**Other Names** Tyrosine-protein kinase Srms, PTK70, Srms, Srm

Target/Specificity

The synthetic peptide sequence is selected from aa 113-127 of HUMAN Srms

Format

Peptides are lyophilized in a solid powder format. Peptides can be reconstituted in solution using the appropriate buffer as needed.

**Storage** Maintain refrigerated at 2-8°C for up to 6 months. For long term storage store at -20°C.

**Precautions** This product is for research use only. Not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

### Mouse Srms Blocking Peptide (Center) - Protein Information

Name Srms

Synonyms Srm

Function

Non-receptor tyrosine-protein kinase which phosphorylates DOK1 on tyrosine residues. Also phosphorylates KHDRBS1/SAM68 and VIM on tyrosine residues. Phosphorylation of KHDRBS1 is EGF-dependent. Phosphorylates OTUB1, promoting deubiquitination of RPTOR.

**Cellular Location** 

Cytoplasm {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:Q9H3Y6}. Note=Localizes to punctate cytoplasmic structures {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:Q9H3Y6}

**Tissue Location** 

Higher expression in liver, lung, thymus and skin than in brain, kidney, heart and spleen (PubMed:9226137). In skin, highly expressed in keratinocytes (PubMed:9226137). Abundant in lung, liver, spleen, kidney and testis and is also detected in the cerebrum (PubMed:7935409).



# Mouse Srms Blocking Peptide (Center) - Protocols

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

### Blocking Peptides

# Mouse Srms Blocking Peptide (Center) - Images

## Mouse Srms Blocking Peptide (Center) - Background

Non-receptor tyrosine-protein kinase which phosphorylates DOK1 on tyrosine residues. May be involved in proliferation or differentiation of keratinocytes in the skin.

### Mouse Srms Blocking Peptide (Center) - References

Kawachi Y., et al. Exp. Dermatol. 6:140-146(1997). Kohmura N., et al. Mol. Cell. Biol. 14:6915-6925(1994). Wall M., et al. Submitted (APR-2001) to the EMBL/GenBank/DDBJ databases.