

## Mouse Erbb3 Blocking Peptide (P1076)

Synthetic peptide Catalog # BP21398a

### **Specification**

## Mouse Erbb3 Blocking Peptide (P1076) - Product Information

Primary Accession

**Q61526** 

## Mouse Erbb3 Blocking Peptide (P1076) - Additional Information

**Gene ID 13867** 

#### **Other Names**

Receptor tyrosine-protein kinase erbB-3, Glial growth factor receptor, Proto-oncogene-like protein c-ErbB-3, Erbb3

# **Target/Specificity**

The synthetic peptide sequence is selected from aa 1076-1090 of HUMAN Erbb3

#### **Format**

Peptides are lyophilized in a solid powder format. Peptides can be reconstituted in solution using the appropriate buffer as needed.

#### Storage

Maintain refrigerated at 2-8°C for up to 6 months. For long term storage store at -20°C.

#### **Precautions**

This product is for research use only. Not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

### Mouse Erbb3 Blocking Peptide (P1076) - Protein Information

### Name Erbb3

## **Function**

Tyrosine-protein kinase that plays an essential role as cell surface receptor for neuregulins. Binds to neuregulin-1 (NRG1) and is activated by it; ligand-binding increases phosphorylation on tyrosine residues and promotes its association with the p85 subunit of phosphatidylinositol 3-kinase. May also be activated by CSPG5. Involved in the regulation of myeloid cell differentiation.

### **Cellular Location**

Membrane; Single-pass type I membrane protein

### **Tissue Location**

In the muscle, expression localizes to the synaptic sites of muscle fibers

## Mouse Erbb3 Blocking Peptide (P1076) - Protocols





Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

## • Blocking Peptides

Mouse Erbb3 Blocking Peptide (P1076) - Images

Mouse Erbb3 Blocking Peptide (P1076) - Background

Binds and is activated by neuregulins and NTAK. May also be activated by CSPG5.

# Mouse Erbb3 Blocking Peptide (P1076) - References

Yamauchi J., et al. Submitted (JUL-2004) to the EMBL/GenBank/DDBJ databases. Moscoso L.M., et al. Dev. Biol. 172:158-169(1995). Kwon H.S., et al. J. Biol. Chem. 288:26357-26371(2013).