

DPPA3 Blocking Peptide (C-term)

Synthetic peptide Catalog # BP21453b

Specification

DPPA3 Blocking Peptide (C-term) - Product Information

Primary Accession

Q6W0C5

DPPA3 Blocking Peptide (C-term) - Additional Information

Gene ID 359787

Other Names

Developmental pluripotency-associated protein 3, Stella-related protein, DPPA3, STELLAR

Target/Specificity

The synthetic peptide sequence is selected from aa 145-159 of HUMAN DPPA3

Format

Peptides are lyophilized in a solid powder format. Peptides can be reconstituted in solution using the appropriate buffer as needed.

Storage

Maintain refrigerated at 2-8°C for up to 6 months. For long term storage store at -20°C.

Precautions

This product is for research use only. Not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

DPPA3 Blocking Peptide (C-term) - Protein Information

Name DPPA3

Synonyms STELLAR

Function

Primordial germ cell (PGCs)-specific protein involved in epigenetic chromatin reprogramming in the zygote following fertilization (PubMed:35314832). In zygotes, DNA demethylation occurs selectively in the paternal pronucleus before the first cell division, while the adjacent maternal pronucleus and certain paternally-imprinted loci are protected from this process (By similarity). Participates in protection of DNA methylation in the maternal pronucleus by preventing conversion of 5mC to 5hmC: specifically recognizes and binds histone H3 dimethylated at 'Lys-9' (H3K9me2) on maternal genome, and protects maternal genome from TET3-mediated conversion to 5hmC and subsequent DNA demethylation (By similarity). Does not bind paternal chromatin, which is mainly packed into protamine and does not contain much H3K9me2 mark (By similarity). Also protects imprinted loci that are marked with H3K9me2 in mature sperm from DNA demethylation in early embryogenesis (By similarity). May be important for the totipotent/pluripotent states continuing through preimplantation development (By similarity). Also involved in chromatin condensation in



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oocytogenesis (By similarity).

Cellular Location

Nucleus. Cytoplasm. Note=Mainly localizes in the female pronucleus, localization to the male pronucleus in much weaker {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:Q8QZY3}

Tissue Location

Low expression in testis, ovary and thymus. Expressed in embryonic stem and carcinoma cells. Highly expressed in testicular germ cell tumors.

DPPA3 Blocking Peptide (C-term) - Protocols

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

Blocking Peptides

DPPA3 Blocking Peptide (C-term) - Images

DPPA3 Blocking Peptide (C-term) - Background

Primordial germ cell (PGCs)-specific protein involved in epigenetic chromatin reprogramming in the zygote following fertilization. In zygotes, DNA demethylation occurs selectively in the paternal pronucleus before the first cell division, while the adjacent maternal pronucleus and certain paternally-imprinted loci are protected from this process. Participates in protection of DNA methylation in the maternal pronucleus by preventing conversion of 5mC to 5hmC: specifically recognizes and binds histone H3 dimethylated at 'Lys-9' (H3K9me2) on maternal genome, and protects maternal genome from TET3-mediated conversion to 5hmC and subsequent DNA demethylation. Does not bind paternal chromatin, which is mainly packed into protamine and does not contain much H3K9me2 mark. Also protects imprinted loci that are marked with H3K9me2 in mature sperm from DNA demethylation in early embryogenesis. May be important for the totipotent/pluripotent states continuing through preimplantation development. Also involved in chromatin condensation in oocytogenesis (By similarity).

DPPA3 Blocking Peptide (C-term) - References

Payer B., et al. Curr. Biol. 13:2110-2117(2003). Clark A.T., et al. Stem Cells 22:169-179(2004). Julaton V.T., et al. Hum. Mol. Genet. 20:2238-2250(2011). Bowles Let al. Cytogenet. Genome Res. 101:261-265(2003).