

# ITGA6 Antibody (isoform 2 S1064) Blocking Peptide

Synthetic peptide Catalog # BP2753a

# **Specification**

## ITGA6 Antibody (isoform 2 S1064) Blocking Peptide - Product Information

**Primary Accession** 

P23229

# ITGA6 Antibody (isoform 2 S1064) Blocking Peptide - Additional Information

### **Gene ID 3655**

#### **Other Names**

Integrin alpha-6, CD49 antigen-like family member F, VLA-6, CD49f, Integrin alpha-6 heavy chain, Integrin alpha-6 light chain, Processed integrin alpha-6, Alpha6p, ITGA6

# **Target/Specificity**

The synthetic peptide sequence used to generate the antibody <a

href=/products/AP2753a>AP2753a</a> was selected from the isoform region of human ITGA6. A 10 to 100 fold molar excess to antibody is recommended. Precise conditions should be optimized for a particular assay.

### **Format**

Peptides are lyophilized in a solid powder format. Peptides can be reconstituted in solution using the appropriate buffer as needed.

#### Storage

Maintain refrigerated at 2-8°C for up to 6 months. For long term storage store at -20°C.

#### **Precautions**

This product is for research use only. Not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

## ITGA6 Antibody (isoform 2 S1064) Blocking Peptide - Protein Information

### Name ITGA6

# **Function**

Integrin alpha-6/beta-1 (ITGA6:ITGB1) is a receptor for laminin on platelets (By similarity). Integrin alpha-6/beta-1 (ITGA6:ITGB1) is present in oocytes and is involved in sperm-egg fusion (By similarity). Integrin alpha-6/beta-4 (ITGA6:ITGB4) is a receptor for laminin in epithelial cells and it plays a critical structural role in the hemidesmosome (By similarity). ITGA6:ITGB4 binds to NRG1 (via EGF domain) and this binding is essential for NRG1-ERBB signaling (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/20682778" target="\_blank">20682778</a>). ITGA6:ITGB4 binds to IGF1 and this binding is essential for IGF1 signaling (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/22351760" target="\_blank">22351760</a>). ITGA6:ITGB4 binds to IGF2 and this binding is essential for IGF2 signaling (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/28873464" target="\_blank">28873464</a>).



#### **Cellular Location**

Cell membrane; Single-pass type I membrane protein. Cell membrane; Lipid-anchor

#### **Tissue Location**

Integrin alpha-6/beta-4 is predominantly expressed by epithelia. Isoforms containing segment X1 are ubiquitously expressed. Isoforms containing segment X1X2 are expressed in heart, kidney, placenta, colon, duodenum, myoblasts and myotubes, and in a limited number of cell lines; they are always coexpressed with the ubiquitous isoform containing segment X1. In some tissues (e.g. Salivary gland), isoforms containing cytoplasmic segment A and isoforms containing segment B are detected while in others, only isoforms containing one cytoplasmic segment are found (segment A in epidermis and segment B in kidney). Processed integrin alpha-6: Expressed at low levels in normal prostate tissue with elevated levels in prostate cancer tissue (at protein level) (PubMed:15023541)

### ITGA6 Antibody (isoform 2 S1064) Blocking Peptide - Protocols

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

## Blocking Peptides

ITGA6 Antibody (isoform 2 S1064) Blocking Peptide - Images

# ITGA6 Antibody (isoform 2 S1064) Blocking Peptide - Background

The ITGA6 protein product is the integrin alpha chain alpha 6. Integrins are integral cell-surface proteins composed of an alpha chain and a beta chain. A given chain may combine with multiple partners resulting in different integrins. For example, alpha 6 may combine with beta 4 in the integrin referred to as TSP180, or with beta 1 in the integrin VLA-6. Integrins are known to participate in cell adhesion as well as cell-surface mediated signalling.

## ITGA6 Antibody (isoform 2 S1064) Blocking Peptide - References

Yang, X.H., Cancer Res. 68 (9), 3204-3213 (2008) Hayashi, R., Biochem. Biophys. Res. Commun. 367 (2), 256-263 (2008)