

# RFC5 Antibody (Center R185) Blocking Peptide

Synthetic peptide Catalog # BP2812c

## **Specification**

### RFC5 Antibody (Center R185) Blocking Peptide - Product Information

**Primary Accession** 

P40937

# RFC5 Antibody (Center R185) Blocking Peptide - Additional Information

**Gene ID 5985** 

#### **Other Names**

Replication factor C subunit 5, Activator 1 36 kDa subunit, A1 36 kDa subunit, Activator 1 subunit 5, Replication factor C 36 kDa subunit, RF-C 36 kDa subunit, RFC36, RFC5

# **Target/Specificity**

The synthetic peptide sequence used to generate the antibody <a

href=/products/AP2812c>AP2812c</a> was selected from the Center region of human RFC5. A 10 to 100 fold molar excess to antibody is recommended. Precise conditions should be optimized for a particular assay.

### **Format**

Peptides are lyophilized in a solid powder format. Peptides can be reconstituted in solution using the appropriate buffer as needed.

#### Storage

Maintain refrigerated at 2-8°C for up to 6 months. For long term storage store at -20°C.

#### **Precautions**

This product is for research use only. Not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

## RFC5 Antibody (Center R185) Blocking Peptide - Protein Information

### Name RFC5

### **Function**

The elongation of primed DNA templates by DNA polymerase delta and epsilon requires the action of the accessory proteins proliferating cell nuclear antigen (PCNA) and activator 1.

### **Cellular Location**

Nucleus.

## RFC5 Antibody (Center R185) Blocking Peptide - Protocols

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.



• Blocking Peptides

# RFC5 Antibody (Center R185) Blocking Peptide - Images

# RFC5 Antibody (Center R185) Blocking Peptide - Background

The elongation of primed DNA templates by DNA polymerase delta and DNA polymerase epsilon requires the accessory proteins proliferating cell nuclear antigen (PCNA) and replication factor C (RFC). RFC, also named activator 1, is a protein complex consisting of five distinct subunits of 140, 40, 38, 37, and 36 kD. RFC5 is the 36 kD subunit. This subunit can interact with the C-terminal region of PCNA. It forms a core complex with the 38 and 40 kDa subunits. The core complex possesses DNA-dependent ATPase activity, which was found to be stimulated by PCNA in an in vitro system.

# RFC5 Antibody (Center R185) Blocking Peptide - References

Stelzl, U., Cell 122 (6), 957-968 (2005) Andersen, J.S., Nature 433 (7021), 77-83 (2005)