

# CXADR Antibody (N-term) Blocking Peptide

Synthetic peptide Catalog # BP2852a

# Specification

# **CXADR Antibody (N-term) Blocking Peptide - Product Information**

Primary Accession

<u>P78310</u>

# CXADR Antibody (N-term) Blocking Peptide - Additional Information

Gene ID 1525

**Other Names** 

Coxsackievirus and adenovirus receptor, CAR, hCAR, CVB3-binding protein, Coxsackievirus B-adenovirus receptor, HCVADR, CXADR, CAR

### Target/Specificity

The synthetic peptide sequence used to generate the antibody <a href=/products/AP2852a>AP2852a</a> was selected from the N-term region of human CXADR. A 10 to 100 fold molar excess to antibody is recommended. Precise conditions should be optimized for a particular assay.

Format

Peptides are lyophilized in a solid powder format. Peptides can be reconstituted in solution using the appropriate buffer as needed.

#### Storage

Maintain refrigerated at 2-8°C for up to 6 months. For long term storage store at -20°C.

**Precautions** This product is for research use only. Not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

# CXADR Antibody (N-term) Blocking Peptide - Protein Information

Name CXADR

## Synonyms CAR

## Function

Component of the epithelial apical junction complex that may function as a homophilic cell adhesion molecule and is essential for tight junction integrity. Also involved in transepithelial migration of leukocytes through adhesive interactions with JAML a transmembrane protein of the plasma membrane of leukocytes. The interaction between both receptors also mediates the activation of gamma-delta T-cells, a subpopulation of T-cells residing in epithelia and involved in tissue homeostasis and repair. Upon epithelial CXADR-binding, JAML induces downstream cell signaling events in gamma-delta T-cells through PI3- kinase and MAP kinases. It results in proliferation and production of cytokines and growth factors by T-cells that in turn stimulate epithelial tissues repair.



## **Cellular Location**

[Isoform 1]: Cell membrane; Single-pass type I membrane protein. Basolateral cell membrane; Single-pass type I membrane protein. Cell junction, tight junction. Cell junction, adherens junction. Note=In epithelial cells localizes to the apical junction complex composed of tight and adherens junctions (PubMed:12297051). In airway epithelial cells localized to basolateral membrane but not to apical surface (PubMed:11316797). [Isoform 4]: Secreted

#### **Tissue Location**

Expressed in pancreas, brain, heart, small intestine, testis, prostate and at a lower level in liver and lung Isoform 5 is ubiquitously expressed. Isoform 3 is expressed in heart, lung and pancreas. In skeletal muscle, isoform 1 is found at the neuromuscular junction and isoform 2 is found in blood vessels. In cardiac muscle, isoform 1 and isoform 2 are found at intercalated disks. In heart expressed in subendothelial layers of the vessel wall but not in the luminal endothelial surface. Expression is elevated in hearts with dilated cardiomyopathy.

## CXADR Antibody (N-term) Blocking Peptide - Protocols

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

<u>Blocking Peptides</u>

**CXADR Antibody (N-term) Blocking Peptide - Images** 

### CXADR Antibody (N-term) Blocking Peptide - Background

CXADR is a type I membrane receptor for group B coxsackieviruses and subgroup C adenoviruses.

### CXADR Antibody (N-term) Blocking Peptide - References

Tomko R.P., Xu R., Philipson L.Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. U.S.A. 94:3352-3356(1997) Bergelson J.M., Cunningham J.A., Droguett G., science 275:1320-1323(1997)Bowles K.R., Gibson J., Wu J., Shaffer L.G.,Hum. Genet. 105:354-359(1999)