# Phospho-ATG7(S95) Antibody Blocking peptide <br> Synthetic peptide <br> Catalog \# BP3365a 

## Specification

Phospho-ATG7(S95) Antibody Blocking peptide - Product Information

Primary Accession $\underline{095352}$

## Phospho-ATG7(S95) Antibody Blocking peptide - Additional Information

Gene ID 10533
Other Names
Ubiquitin-like modifier-activating enzyme ATG7, ATG12-activating enzyme E1 ATG7, Autophagy-related protein 7, APG7-like, hAGP7, Ubiquitin-activating enzyme E1-like protein, ATG7, APG7L

## Target/Specificity

The synthetic peptide sequence used to generate the antibody <a
href=/products/AP3365a>AP3365a</a> was selected from the region of human
Phospho-APG7L-S95. A 10 to 100 fold molar excess to antibody is recommended. Precise conditions should be optimized for a particular assay.

## Format

Peptides are lyophilized in a solid powder format. Peptides can be reconstituted in solution using the appropriate buffer as needed.

## Storage

Maintain refrigerated at $2-8^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ for up to 6 months. For long term storage store at $-20^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$.

## Precautions

This product is for research use only. Not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

## Phospho-ATG7(S95) Antibody Blocking peptide - Protein Information

Name ATG7 (HGNC:16935)
Synonyms APG7L

## Function

E1-like activating enzyme involved in the 2 ubiquitin-like systems required for cytoplasm to vacuole transport (Cvt) and autophagy. Activates ATG12 for its conjugation with ATG5 as well as the ATG8 family proteins for their conjugation with phosphatidylethanolamine. Both systems are needed for the ATG8 association to Cvt vesicles and autophagosomes membranes. Required for autophagic death induced by caspase-8 inhibition. Facilitates LC3-I lipidation with phosphatidylethanolamine to form LC3-II which is found on autophagosomal membranes (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/34161705" target="_blank">34161705</a>). Required for mitophagy which contributes to regulate mitochondrial quantity and quality by
eliminating the mitochondria to a basal level to fulfill cellular energy requirements and preventing excess ROS production. Modulates p53/TP53 activity to regulate cell cycle and survival during metabolic stress. Also plays a key role in the maintenance of axonal homeostasis, the prevention of axonal degeneration, the maintenance of hematopoietic stem cells, the formation of Paneth cell granules, as well as in adipose differentiation. Plays a role in regulating the liver clock and glucose metabolism by mediating the autophagic degradation of CRY1 (clock repressor) in a time-dependent manner (By similarity).

## Cellular Location

Cytoplasm. Preautophagosomal structure. Note=Localizes also to discrete punctae along the ciliary axoneme and to the base of the ciliary axoneme

Tissue Location
Widely expressed, especially in kidney, liver, lymph nodes and bone marrow.

## Phospho-ATG7(S95) Antibody Blocking peptide - Protocols

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

## - Blocking Peptides

## Phospho-ATG7(S95) Antibody Blocking peptide - Images

## Phospho-ATG7(S95) Antibody Blocking peptide - Background

APG7 functions as an E1 enzyme essential for multisubstrates such as GABARAPL1 and ATG12. APG3L is an E2-like conjugating enzyme facilitating covalent binding of APG8 (MAP1LC3) to phosphatidylethanolamine (PE). APG7 (an E1-like enzyme) facilitates this reaction by forming an E1-E2 complex with APG3. Formation of the PE conjugate is essential for autophagy.Macroautophagy is the major inducible pathway for the general turnover of cytoplasmic constituents in eukaryotic cells, it is also responsible for the degradation of active cytoplasmic enzymes and organelles during nutrient starvation. Macroautophagy involves the formation of double-membrane bound autophagosomes which enclose the cytoplasmic constituent targeted for degradation in a membrane bound structure, which then fuse with the lysosome (or vacuole) releasing a single-membrane bound autophagic bodies which are then degraded within the lysosome (or vacuole).

## Phospho-ATG7(S95) Antibody Blocking peptide - References

Yuan W., Mol. Biol. Cell 10:1353-1366(1999).Tanida I., Biochem. Biophys. Res. Commun. 292:256-262(2002).Tanida I., J. Biol. Chem. 277:13739-13744(2002).

