

Phospho-PRL(S207) Antibody Blocking peptide Synthetic peptide Catalog # BP3670a

Specification

Phospho-PRL(S207) Antibody Blocking peptide - Product Information

Primary Accession Other Accession

P01236 NP_000939

Phospho-PRL(S207) Antibody Blocking peptide - Additional Information

Gene ID 5617

Other Names Prolactin, PRL, PRL

Target/Specificity

The synthetic peptide sequence used to generate the antibody AP3670a was selected from the region of human Phospho-PRL-S207. A 10 to 100 fold molar excess to antibody is recommended. Precise conditions should be optimized for a particular assay.

Format

Peptides are lyophilized in a solid powder format. Peptides can be reconstituted in solution using the appropriate buffer as needed.

Storage Maintain refrigerated at 2-8°C for up to 6 months. For long term storage store at -20°C.

Precautions This product is for research use only. Not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

Phospho-PRL(S207) Antibody Blocking peptide - Protein Information

Name PRL

Function Prolactin acts primarily on the mammary gland by promoting lactation.

Cellular Location Secreted.

Phospho-PRL(S207) Antibody Blocking peptide - Protocols

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.



Blocking Peptides

Phospho-PRL(S207) Antibody Blocking peptide - Images

Phospho-PRL(S207) Antibody Blocking peptide - Background

PRL prolactin acts primarily on the mammary gland by promoting lactation.

Phospho-PRL(S207) Antibody Blocking peptide - References

Fojtikova, M., et.al., Rheumatol. Int. (2010) In pressPujianto, D.A., et.al., Endocrinology 151 (3), 1269-1279 (2010)