

MAGEA11 Antibody (N-term) Blocking Peptide

Synthetic peptide Catalog # BP6161a

Specification

MAGEA11 Antibody (N-term) Blocking Peptide - Product Information

Primary Accession P43364
Other Accession NP 005357

MAGEA11 Antibody (N-term) Blocking Peptide - Additional Information

Gene ID 4110

Other Names

Melanoma-associated antigen 11, Cancer/testis antigen 111, CT111, MAGE-11 antigen, MAGEA11, MAGE11

Target/Specificity

The synthetic peptide sequence used to generate the antibody AP6161a was selected from the N-term region of human MAGEA11 . A 10 to 100 fold molar excess to antibody is recommended. Precise conditions should be optimized for a particular assay.

Format

Peptides are lyophilized in a solid powder format. Peptides can be reconstituted in solution using the appropriate buffer as needed.

Storage

Maintain refrigerated at 2-8°C for up to 6 months. For long term storage store at -20°C.

Precautions

This product is for research use only. Not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

MAGEA11 Antibody (N-term) Blocking Peptide - Protein Information

Name MAGEA11 {ECO:0000303|PubMed:28397838, ECO:0000312|HGNC:HGNC:6798}

Function

Acts as androgen receptor coregulator that increases androgen receptor activity by modulating the receptors interdomain interaction. May play a role in embryonal development and tumor transformation or aspects of tumor progression.

Cellular Location Nucleus. Cytoplasm

Tissue Location

Expressed in tumors of several types, such as melanoma, head and neck squamous cell carcinoma, lung carcinoma and breast carcinoma. Expressed in testis, ovary, prostate, cancerous



prostate, breast and adrenal tissue.

MAGEA11 Antibody (N-term) Blocking Peptide - Protocols

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

• Blocking Peptides

MAGEA11 Antibody (N-term) Blocking Peptide - Images

MAGEA11 Antibody (N-term) Blocking Peptide - Background

MAGEA11 is a member of the MAGEA gene family. The members of this family have their entire coding sequences located in the last exon, and the encoded proteins show 50 to 80% sequence identity between each other. The promoters and first exons of the MAGEA genes show considerable variability, suggesting that the existence of this gene family enables the same function to be expressed under different transcriptional controls. The MAGEA genes are expressed at a high level in a number of tumors of various histologic types, and are silent in normal tissues with the exception of testis and placenta. The MAGEA genes are clustered on chromosome Xq28. They may be implicated in some hereditary disorders, such as dyskeratosis congenita.

MAGEA11 Antibody (N-term) Blocking Peptide - References

Rogner, U.C., et al., Genomics 29(3):725-731 (1995).De Plaen, E., et al., Immunogenetics 40(5):360-369 (1994).