

RPS4X Antibody (C-term) Blocking Peptide

Synthetic peptide Catalog # BP6671b

Specification

RPS4X Antibody (C-term) Blocking Peptide - Product Information

Primary Accession

P62701

RPS4X Antibody (C-term) Blocking Peptide - Additional Information

Gene ID 6191

Other Names

40S ribosomal protein S4, X isoform, SCR10, Single copy abundant mRNA protein, RPS4X, CCG2, RPS4, SCAR

Target/Specificity

The synthetic peptide sequence used to generate the antibody AP6671b was selected from the C-term region of human RPS4X. A 10 to 100 fold molar excess to antibody is recommended. Precise conditions should be optimized for a particular assay.

Format

Peptides are lyophilized in a solid powder format. Peptides can be reconstituted in solution using the appropriate buffer as needed.

Storage

Maintain refrigerated at 2-8°C for up to 6 months. For long term storage store at -20°C.

Precautions

This product is for research use only. Not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

RPS4X Antibody (C-term) Blocking Peptide - Protein Information

Name RPS4X (HGNC:10424)

Synonyms CCG2, RPS4, SCAR

Function

Component of the small ribosomal subunit. The ribosome is a large ribonucleoprotein complex responsible for the synthesis of proteins in the cell (PubMed:23636399). Part of the small subunit (SSU) processome, first precursor of the small eukaryotic ribosomal subunit. During the assembly of the SSU processome in the nucleolus, many ribosome biogenesis factors, an RNA chaperone and ribosomal proteins associate with the nascent pre-rRNA and work in concert to generate RNA folding, modifications, rearrangements and cleavage as well as targeted degradation of pre-ribosomal RNA by the RNA exosome (PubMed:34516797).



Cellular Location

Cytoplasm. Nucleus, nucleolus. Note=Localized in cytoplasmic mRNP granules containing untranslated mRNAs.

RPS4X Antibody (C-term) Blocking Peptide - Protocols

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

• Blocking Peptides

RPS4X Antibody (C-term) Blocking Peptide - Images

RPS4X Antibody (C-term) Blocking Peptide - Background

Cytoplasmic ribosomes, organelles that catalyze protein synthesis, consist of a small 40S subunit and a large 60S subunit. Together these subunits are composed of 4 RNA species and approximately 80 structurally distinct proteins. Ribosomal protein S4, a component of the 40S subunit, is the only ribosomal protein known to be encoded by more than one gene, namely this gene and ribosomal protein S4, Y-linked (RPS4Y). The 2 isoforms encoded by these genes are not identical, but are functionally equivalent. Ribosomal protein S4 belongs to the S4E family of ribosomal proteins.

RPS4X Antibody (C-term) Blocking Peptide - References

Zinn, A.R., Mol. Cell. Biol. 14 (4), 2485-2492 (1994)