

**Fascin Antibody (Center) Blocking Peptide**  
**Synthetic peptide**  
**Catalog # BP6736c****Specification**

---

**Fascin Antibody (Center) Blocking Peptide - Product Information**Primary Accession [Q16658](#)**Fascin Antibody (Center) Blocking Peptide - Additional Information****Gene ID** 6624**Other Names**

Fascin, 55 kDa actin-bundling protein, Singed-like protein, p55, FSCN1, FAN1, HSN, SNL

**Target/Specificity**

The synthetic peptide sequence used to generate the antibody [AP6736c](/products/AP6736c) was selected from the Center region of human Fascin. A 10 to 100 fold molar excess to antibody is recommended. Precise conditions should be optimized for a particular assay.

**Format**

Peptides are lyophilized in a solid powder format. Peptides can be reconstituted in solution using the appropriate buffer as needed.

**Storage**

Maintain refrigerated at 2-8°C for up to 6 months. For long term storage store at -20°C.

**Precautions**

This product is for research use only. Not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

**Fascin Antibody (Center) Blocking Peptide - Protein Information****Name** FSCN1**Synonyms** FAN1, HSN, SNL**Function**

Actin-binding protein that contains 2 major actin binding sites (PubMed:[21685497](http://www.uniprot.org/citations/21685497), PubMed:[23184945](http://www.uniprot.org/citations/23184945)). Organizes filamentous actin into parallel bundles (PubMed:[20393565](http://www.uniprot.org/citations/20393565), PubMed:[21685497](http://www.uniprot.org/citations/21685497), PubMed:[23184945](http://www.uniprot.org/citations/23184945)). Plays a role in the organization of actin filament bundles and the formation of microspikes, membrane ruffles, and stress fibers (PubMed:[22155786](http://www.uniprot.org/citations/22155786)). Important for the formation of a diverse set of cell protrusions,

such as filopodia, and for cell motility and migration (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/20393565" target="\_blank">20393565</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/21685497" target="\_blank">21685497</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/23184945" target="\_blank">23184945</a>). Mediates reorganization of the actin cytoskeleton and axon growth cone collapse in response to NGF (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/22155786" target="\_blank">22155786</a>).

#### **Cellular Location**

Cytoplasm, cytosol. Cytoplasm, cell cortex. Cytoplasm, cytoskeleton. Cytoplasm, cytoskeleton, stress fiber. Cell projection, filopodium. Cell projection, invadopodium. Cell projection, microvillus. Cell junction. Note=Colocalized with RUFY3 and F-actin at filopodia of the axonal growth cone. Colocalized with DBN1 and F- actin at the transitional domain of the axonal growth cone (By similarity). {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:Q61553, ECO:0000269|PubMed:21706053}

#### **Tissue Location**

Ubiquitous.

### **Fascin Antibody (Center) Blocking Peptide - Protocols**

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

- [Blocking Peptides](#)

### **Fascin Antibody (Center) Blocking Peptide - Images**

### **Fascin Antibody (Center) Blocking Peptide - Background**

Fascin organizes filamentous actin into bundles with a minimum of 4.1:1 actin/fascin ratio. It is probably involved in the assembly of actin filament bundles present in microspikes, membrane ruffles, and stress fibers.

### **Fascin Antibody (Center) Blocking Peptide - References**

Qualtrough,D., Br. J. Cancer 101 (7), 1124-1129 (2009)Ono,S., J. Biol. Chem. 272 (4), 2527-2533 (1997)