

ZYX Antibody (C-term) Blocking Peptide
Synthetic peptide
Catalog # BP6854b**Specification**

ZYX Antibody (C-term) Blocking Peptide - Product InformationPrimary Accession [Q15942](#)**ZYX Antibody (C-term) Blocking Peptide - Additional Information****Gene ID** 7791**Other Names**

Zyxin, Zyxin-2, ZYX

Target/Specificity

The synthetic peptide sequence used to generate the antibody [AP6854b](/products/AP6854b) was selected from the C-term region of human ZYX. A 10 to 100 fold molar excess to antibody is recommended. Precise conditions should be optimized for a particular assay.

Format

Peptides are lyophilized in a solid powder format. Peptides can be reconstituted in solution using the appropriate buffer as needed.

Storage

Maintain refrigerated at 2-8°C for up to 6 months. For long term storage store at -20°C.

Precautions

This product is for research use only. Not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

ZYX Antibody (C-term) Blocking Peptide - Protein Information**Name** ZYX**Function**

Adhesion plaque protein. Binds alpha-actinin and the CRP protein. Important for targeting TES and ENA/VASP family members to focal adhesions and for the formation of actin-rich structures. May be a component of a signal transduction pathway that mediates adhesion- stimulated changes in gene expression (By similarity).

Cellular Location

Cytoplasm. Cytoplasm, cytoskeleton. Nucleus. Cell junction, focal adhesion. Note=Associates with the actin cytoskeleton near the adhesion plaques. Enters the nucleus in the presence of HESX1

ZYX Antibody (C-term) Blocking Peptide - Protocols

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

- [Blocking Peptides](#)

ZYX Antibody (C-term) Blocking Peptide - Images

ZYX Antibody (C-term) Blocking Peptide - Background

ZYX binds alpha-actinin and the CRP protein. It may be a component of a signal transduction pathway that mediates adhesion-stimulated changes in gene expression.

ZYX Antibody (C-term) Blocking Peptide - References

Moon, H.S., et.al., Exp. Cell Res. 312 (17), 3425-3431 (2006)