

PSKH1 Antibody (C-term) Blocking Peptide

Synthetic peptide Catalog # BP7179b

Specification

PSKH1 Antibody (C-term) Blocking Peptide - Product Information

Primary Accession

P11801

PSKH1 Antibody (C-term) Blocking Peptide - Additional Information

Gene ID 5681

Other Names

Serine/threonine-protein kinase H1, Protein serine kinase H1, PSK-H1, PSKH1

Target/Specificity

The synthetic peptide sequence used to generate the antibody AP7179b was selected from the C-term region of human PSKH1. A 10 to 100 fold molar excess to antibody is recommended. Precise conditions should be optimized for a particular assay.

Format

Peptides are lyophilized in a solid powder format. Peptides can be reconstituted in solution using the appropriate buffer as needed.

Storage

Maintain refrigerated at 2-8°C for up to 6 months. For long term storage store at -20°C.

Precautions

This product is for research use only. Not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

PSKH1 Antibody (C-term) Blocking Peptide - Protein Information

Name PSKH1

Function

May be a SFC-associated serine kinase (splicing factor compartment-associated serine kinase) with a role in intranuclear SR protein (non-snRNP splicing factors containing a serine/arginine-rich domain) trafficking and pre-mRNA processing.

Cellular Location

Golgi apparatus. Cytoplasm, cytoskeleton, microtubule organizing center, centrosome. Nucleus speckle. Endoplasmic reticulum membrane; Lipid-anchor. Cell membrane; Lipid-anchor Cytoplasm. Note=Localized in the brefeldin A-sensitive Golgi compartment, at centrosomes, in the nucleus with a somewhat speckle- like presence, membrane-associated to the endoplasmic reticulum (ER) and the plasma membrane (PM), and more diffusely in the cytoplasm Found to concentrate in splicing factor compartments (SFCs) within the nucleus of interphase cells. The acylation-negative form may be only cytoplasmic and nuclear. Acylation seems to allow the sequestering to the



intracellular membranes. Myristoylation may mediate targeting to the intracellular non-Golgi membranes and palmitoylation may mediate the targeting to the Golgi membranes. Dual acylation is required to stabilize the interaction with Golgi membranes

Tissue Location

Expressed in all tissues and cell lines tested with the highest level of abundance in testis

PSKH1 Antibody (C-term) Blocking Peptide - Protocols

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

• Blocking Peptides

PSKH1 Antibody (C-term) Blocking Peptide - Images

PSKH1 Antibody (C-term) Blocking Peptide - Background

PSKH1 may be a SFC-associated serine kinase (splicing factor compartment-associated serine kinase) with a role in intranuclear SR protein (non-snRNP splicing factors containing a serine/arginine-rich domain) trafficking and pre-mRNA processing. PSKH1 is localized in the Brefeldin A-sensitive Golgi compartment, at centrosomes, in the nucleus with a somewhat speckle-like presence, membrane-associated to the endoplasmic reticulum (ER) and the plasma membrane (PM), and more diffusely in the cytoplasm.

PSKH1 Antibody (C-term) Blocking Peptide - References

Brede, G., et al., Exp. Cell Res. 291(2):299-312 (2003).Brede, G., et al., Nucleic Acids Res. 30(23):5301-5309 (2002).Brede, G., et al., Genomics 70(1):82-92 (2000).Amarzguioui, M., et al., Nucleic Acids Res. 28(21):4113-4124 (2000).Larsen, F., et al., Hum. Mol. Genet. 2(10):1589-1595 (1993).