

LYAR Antibody (N-term) Blocking Peptide
Synthetic peptide
Catalog # BP7328a**Specification**

LYAR Antibody (N-term) Blocking Peptide - Product InformationPrimary Accession [Q9NX58](#)**LYAR Antibody (N-term) Blocking Peptide - Additional Information****Gene ID** 55646**Other Names**

Cell growth-regulating nucleolar protein, LYAR

Target/Specificity

The synthetic peptide sequence used to generate the antibody [AP7328a](/products/AP7328a) was selected from the N-term region of human LYAR. A 10 to 100 fold molar excess to antibody is recommended. Precise conditions should be optimized for a particular assay.

Format

Peptides are lyophilized in a solid powder format. Peptides can be reconstituted in solution using the appropriate buffer as needed.

Storage

Maintain refrigerated at 2-8°C for up to 6 months. For long term storage store at -20°C.

Precautions

This product is for research use only. Not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

LYAR Antibody (N-term) Blocking Peptide - Protein Information**Name** LYAR**Function**

Plays a role in the maintenance of the appropriate processing of 47S/45S pre-rRNA to 32S/30S pre-rRNAs and their subsequent processing to produce 18S and 28S rRNAs (PubMed:[24495227](http://www.uniprot.org/citations/24495227)). Also acts at the level of transcription regulation. Along with PRMT5, binds the gamma-globin (HBG1/HBG2) promoter and represses its expression (PubMed:[25092918](http://www.uniprot.org/citations/25092918)). In neuroblastoma cells, may also repress the expression of oxidative stress genes, including CHAC1, HMOX1, SLC7A11, ULBP1 and SNORD41 that encodes a small nucleolar RNA (PubMed:[28686580](http://www.uniprot.org/citations/28686580)). Preferentially binds to a DNA motif containing 5'-GGTTAT-3' (PubMed:[25092918](http://www.uniprot.org/citations/25092918)). Negatively regulates the antiviral innate immune response by targeting IRF3 and impairing its DNA-binding

activity (PubMed:31413131). In addition, inhibits NF-kappa-B-mediated expression of pro-inflammatory cytokines (PubMed:31413131). Stimulates phagocytosis of photoreceptor outer segments by retinal pigment epithelial cells (By similarity). Prevents nucleolin/NCL self-cleavage, maintaining a normal steady-state level of NCL protein in undifferentiated embryonic stem cells (ESCs), which in turn is essential for ESC self-renewal (By similarity).

Cellular Location

Nucleus. Nucleus, nucleolus. Cytoplasm. Cell projection, cilium, photoreceptor outer segment {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:Q08288}. Note=Component of pre- ribosomal particles, including pre-40S, pre-60S and pre-90S (PubMed:24495227). Associated with cytoplasmic ribosomes, but not polysomes, as a component of the 60S subunit (PubMed:24990247). In the retina, predominantly expressed in photoreceptor outer segments (By similarity). In the nucleolus, colocalizes with nucleolin/NCL, therefore may reside in the dense fibrillar component (DFC) (By similarity). {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:Q08288, ECO:0000269|PubMed:24495227, ECO:0000269|PubMed:24990247}

Tissue Location

Predominantly expressed in testis.

LYAR Antibody (N-term) Blocking Peptide - Protocols

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

- [Blocking Peptides](#)

LYAR Antibody (N-term) Blocking Peptide - Images

LYAR Antibody (N-term) Blocking Peptide - References

Kim,J.E., Tannenbaum,S.R. J. Proteome Res. 4 (4), 1339-1346 (2005)Su,L., Hershberger,R.J. Genes Dev. 7 (5), 735-748 (1993)