

NARS Antibody (C-term) Blocking Peptide Synthetic peptide

Catalog # BP7568b

Specification

NARS Antibody (C-term) Blocking Peptide - Product Information

Primary Accession

<u>043776</u>

NARS Antibody (C-term) Blocking Peptide - Additional Information

Gene ID 4677

Other Names Asparagine--tRNA ligase, cytoplasmic, Asparaginyl-tRNA synthetase, AsnRS, NARS

Target/Specificity

The synthetic peptide sequence used to generate the antibody AP7568b was selected from the C-term region of human NARS. A 10 to 100 fold molar excess to antibody is recommended. Precise conditions should be optimized for a particular assay.

Format

Peptides are lyophilized in a solid powder format. Peptides can be reconstituted in solution using the appropriate buffer as needed.

Storage

Maintain refrigerated at 2-8°C for up to 6 months. For long term storage store at -20°C.

Precautions

This product is for research use only. Not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

NARS Antibody (C-term) Blocking Peptide - Protein Information

Name NARS1 (HGNC:7643)

Function

Catalyzes the attachment of asparagine to tRNA(Asn) in a two- step reaction: asparagine is first activated by ATP to form Asn-AMP and then transferred to the acceptor end of tRNA(Asn) (PubMed:9421509, PubMed:32738225, PubMed:32788587). In addition to its essential role in protein synthesis, acts as a signaling molecule that induced migration of CCR3-expressing cells (PubMed:30171954, PubMed:30171954, PubMed:30171954, PubMed:30171954" target="_blank">30171954, PubMed:12235211). Has an essential role in the development of the cerebral cortex, being required for proper proliferation of radial glial cells (PubMed:32788587).



Cellular Location Cytoplasm.

NARS Antibody (C-term) Blocking Peptide - Protocols

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

<u>Blocking Peptides</u>

NARS Antibody (C-term) Blocking Peptide - Images

NARS Antibody (C-term) Blocking Peptide - Background

Aminoacyl-tRNA synthetases are a class of enzymes that charge tRNAs with their cognate amino acids. Asparaginyl-tRNA synthetase (NARS) is localized to the cytoplasm and belongs to the class II family of tRNA synthetases. The N-terminal domain represents the signature sequence for the eukaryotic asparaginyl-tRNA synthetases.

NARS Antibody (C-term) Blocking Peptide - References

Lim,J., Cell 125 (4), 801-814 (2006)Lehner,B., Genome Res. 14 (7), 1315-1323 (2004)Beaulande,M., Nucleic Acids Res. 26 (2), 521-524 (1998)