

## **ROR1 Antibody Blocking Peptide**

Synthetic peptide Catalog # BP7671d

### **Specification**

## **ROR1 Antibody Blocking Peptide - Product Information**

**Primary Accession** 

Q01973

# **ROR1 Antibody Blocking Peptide - Additional Information**

**Gene ID 4919** 

#### **Other Names**

Tyrosine-protein kinase transmembrane receptor ROR1, Neurotrophic tyrosine kinase, receptor-related 1, ROR1, NTRKR1

# **Target/Specificity**

The synthetic peptide sequence used to generate the antibody <a

href=/product/products/AP7671d>AP7671d</a> was selected from the region of human ROR1. A 10 to 100 fold molar excess to antibody is recommended. Precise conditions should be optimized for a particular assay.

#### **Format**

Peptides are lyophilized in a solid powder format. Peptides can be reconstituted in solution using the appropriate buffer as needed.

#### Storage

Maintain refrigerated at 2-8°C for up to 6 months. For long term storage store at -20°C.

#### **Precautions**

This product is for research use only. Not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

#### **ROR1 Antibody Blocking Peptide - Protein Information**

Name ROR1

### Synonyms NTRKR1

#### **Function**

Has very low kinase activity in vitro and is unlikely to function as a tyrosine kinase in vivo (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/25029443" target="\_blank">25029443</a>). Receptor for ligand WNT5A which activate downstream NFkB signaling pathway and may result in the inhibition of WNT3A-mediated signaling (PubMed:<a

href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/25029443" target="\_blank">25029443</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/27162350" target="\_blank">27162350</a>). In inner ear, crucial for spiral ganglion neurons to innervate auditory hair cells (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/27162350" target="\_blank">27162350</a>).



## **Cellular Location**

Membrane; Single- pass type I membrane protein. Cell projection, axon {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:Q9Z139}

#### **Tissue Location**

Expressed strongly in human heart, lung and kidney, but weakly in the CNS. Isoform Short is strongly expressed in fetal and adult CNS and in a variety of human cancers, including those originating from CNS or PNS neuroectoderm

### **ROR1 Antibody Blocking Peptide - Protocols**

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

## • Blocking Peptides

# **ROR1 Antibody Blocking Peptide - Images**

# **ROR1 Antibody Blocking Peptide - Background**

ROR1 is a receptor protein tyrosine kinase whose cellular role has not been determined. It is a type I membrane protein and belongs to the ROR subfamily of cell surface receptors. Studies of a similar protein in mouse suggest that this protein may interact with another receptor protein tyrosine kinase and may be involved in skeletal and cardiac development.

## **ROR1 Antibody Blocking Peptide - References**

Nomi, M., et al., Mol. Cell. Biol. 21(24):8329-8335 (2001).Reddy, U.R., et al., Genomics 41(2):283-285 (1997).Reddy, U.R., et al., Oncogene 13(7):1555-1559 (1996).Masiakowski, P., et al., J. Biol. Chem. 267(36):26181-26190 (1992).