

DAZL Antibody (Y276) Blocking Peptide Synthetic peptide Catalog # BP7739d

Specification

DAZL Antibody (Y276) Blocking Peptide - Product Information

Primary Accession

<u>Q92904</u>

DAZL Antibody (Y276) Blocking Peptide - Additional Information

Gene ID 1618

Other Names

Deleted in azoospermia-like, DAZ homolog, DAZ-like autosomal, Deleted in azoospermia-like 1, SPGY-like-autosomal, DAZL, DAZH, DAZL1, DAZLA, SPGYLA

Target/Specificity

particular assay.

The synthetic peptide sequence used to generate the antibody AP7739d was selected from the Y276 region of humanZL. A 10 to 100 fold molar excess to antibody is recommended. Precise conditions should be optimized for a

Format

Peptides are lyophilized in a solid powder format. Peptides can be reconstituted in solution using the appropriate buffer as needed.

Storage Maintain refrigerated at 2-8°C for up to 6 months. For long term storage store at -20°C.

Precautions This product is for research use only. Not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

DAZL Antibody (Y276) Blocking Peptide - Protein Information

Name DAZL

Synonyms DAZH, DAZL1, DAZLA, SPGYLA

Function

RNA-binding protein, which is essential for gametogenesis in both males and females. Plays a central role during spermatogenesis. Acts by binding to the 3'-UTR of mRNA, specifically recognizing GUU triplets, and thereby regulating the translation of key transcripts (By similarity).

Cellular Location

Cytoplasm. Nucleus. Note=Predominantly cytoplasmic. Nuclear in spermatogonia until near the end of the meiotic prophase and cytoplasmic localization from then onward.

Tissue Location



Testis specific.

DAZL Antibody (Y276) Blocking Peptide - Protocols

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

<u>Blocking Peptides</u>

DAZL Antibody (Y276) Blocking Peptide - Images

DAZL Antibody (Y276) Blocking Peptide - Background

The DAZ (Deleted in AZoospermia) family are potential RNA binding proteins that are expressed in prenatal and postnatal germ cells of males and females. DAZL is localized to the nucleus and cytoplasm of fetal germ cells and to the cytoplasm of developing oocytes. In the testis, this protein is localized to the nucleus of spermatogonia but relocates to the cytoplasm during meiosis where it persists in spermatids and spermatozoa.

DAZL Antibody (Y276) Blocking Peptide - References

Zerbetto, I., Fertil. Steril. 90 (6), 2264-2268 (2008) Stefanidis, K., Fertil. Steril. 90 (3), 798-804 (2008)