

PAK5 Antibody Blocking Peptide
Synthetic peptide
Catalog # BP7930a**Specification**

PAK5 Antibody Blocking Peptide - Product InformationPrimary Accession [Q9P286](#)**PAK5 Antibody Blocking Peptide - Additional Information****Gene ID** 57144**Other Names**

Serine/threonine-protein kinase PAK 7, p21-activated kinase 5, PAK-5, p21-activated kinase 7, PAK-7, PAK7, KIAA1264, PAK5

Target/Specificity

The synthetic peptide sequence is selected from aa 183~198 of human PAK5.

Format

Peptides are lyophilized in a solid powder format. Peptides can be reconstituted in solution using the appropriate buffer as needed.

Storage

Maintain refrigerated at 2-8°C for up to 6 months. For long term storage store at -20°C.

Precautions

This product is for research use only. Not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

PAK5 Antibody Blocking Peptide - Protein Information**Name** PAK5 ([HGNC:15916](#))**Synonyms** KIAA1264, PAK7**Function**

Serine/threonine protein kinase that plays a role in a variety of different signaling pathways including cytoskeleton regulation, cell migration, proliferation or cell survival. Activation by various effectors including growth factor receptors or active CDC42 and RAC1 results in a conformational change and a subsequent autophosphorylation on several serine and/or threonine residues. Phosphorylates the proto-oncogene RAF1 and stimulates its kinase activity. Promotes cell survival by phosphorylating the BCL2 antagonist of cell death BAD. Phosphorylates CTNND1, probably to regulate cytoskeletal organization and cell morphology. Keeps microtubules stable through MARK2 inhibition and destabilizes the F-actin network leading to the disappearance of stress fibers and focal adhesions.

Cellular Location

Mitochondrion. Cytoplasm. Nucleus. Note=Shuttles between the nucleus and the mitochondria,

and mitochondrial localization is essential for the role in cell survival

Tissue Location

Predominantly expressed in brain.

PAK5 Antibody Blocking Peptide - Protocols

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

- [Blocking Peptides](#)

PAK5 Antibody Blocking Peptide - Images**PAK5 Antibody Blocking Peptide - Background**

PAK5 is a member of the PAK family of Ser/Thr protein kinases. PAK family members are known to be effectors of Rac/Cdc42 GTPases, which have been implicated in the regulation of cytoskeletal dynamics, proliferation, and cell survival signaling. This kinase contains a CDC42/Rac1 interactive binding (CRIB) motif, and has been shown to bind CDC42 in the presence of GTP. This kinase is predominantly expressed in brain. It is capable of promoting neurite outgrowth, and thus may play a role in neurite development. This kinase is associated with microtubule networks and induces microtubule stabilization. The subcellular localization of this kinase is tightly regulated during cell cycle progression.

PAK5 Antibody Blocking Peptide - References

Jaffer, Z.M., et al., Int. J. Biochem. Cell Biol. 34(7):713-717 (2002). Pandey, A., et al., Oncogene 21(24):3939-3948 (2002). Dan, C., et al., Mol. Cell. Biol. 22(2):567-577 (2002). Cau, J., et al., J. Cell Biol. 155(6):1029-1042 (2001).