

## TRPM6 (CHAK2) Antibody (C-term) Blocking peptide

Synthetic peptide Catalog # BP8053b

## **Specification**

### TRPM6 (CHAK2) Antibody (C-term) Blocking peptide - Product Information

**Primary Accession** 

**Q9BX84** 

# TRPM6 (CHAK2) Antibody (C-term) Blocking peptide - Additional Information

Gene ID 140803

#### **Other Names**

Transient receptor potential cation channel subfamily M member 6, Channel kinase 2, Melastatin-related TRP cation channel 6, TRPM6, CHAK2

## **Target/Specificity**

The synthetic peptide sequence used to generate the antibody <a href=/product/products/AP8053b>AP8053b</a> was selected from the C-term region of human CHAK2 . A 10 to 100 fold molar excess to antibody is recommended. Precise conditions should be optimized for a particular assay.

### **Format**

Peptides are lyophilized in a solid powder format. Peptides can be reconstituted in solution using the appropriate buffer as needed.

#### Storage

Maintain refrigerated at 2-8°C for up to 6 months. For long term storage store at -20°C.

#### **Precautions**

This product is for research use only. Not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

## TRPM6 (CHAK2) Antibody (C-term) Blocking peptide - Protein Information

#### Name TRPM6

## Synonyms CHAK2

### **Function**

Essential ion channel and serine/threonine-protein kinase. Crucial for magnesium homeostasis. Has an important role in epithelial magnesium transport and in the active magnesium absorption in the gut and kidney. Isoforms of the type M6-kinase lack the ion channel region.

### **Cellular Location**

Cell membrane; Multi-pass membrane protein

### **Tissue Location**

Highly expressed in kidney and colon. Isoform TRPM6a and isoform TRPM6b, are coexpressed with



TRPM7 in kidney, and testis, and are also found in several cell lines of lung origin Isoform TRPM6c is detected only in testis and in NCI-H510A small cell lung carcinoma cells

## TRPM6 (CHAK2) Antibody (C-term) Blocking peptide - Protocols

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

### Blocking Peptides

# TRPM6 (CHAK2) Antibody (C-term) Blocking peptide - Images

## TRPM6 (CHAK2) Antibody (C-term) Blocking peptide - Background

Protein kinases are enzymes that transfer a phosphate group from a phosphate donor, generally the g phosphate of ATP, onto an acceptor amino acid in a substrate protein. By this basic mechanism, protein kinases mediate most of the signal transduction in eukaryotic cells, regulating cellular metabolism, transcription, cell cycle progression, cytoskeletal rearrangement and cell movement, apoptosis, and differentiation. With more than 500 gene products, the protein kinase family is one of the largest families of proteins in eukaryotes. The family has been classified in 8 major groups based on sequence comparison of their tyrosine (PTK) or serine/threonine (STK) kinase catalytic domains. The STE group (homologs of yeast Sterile 7, 11, 20 kinases) consists of 50 kinases related to the mitogen-activated protein kinase (MAPK) cascade families (Ste7/MAP2K, Ste11/MAP3K, and Ste20/MAP4K). MAP kinase cascades, consisting of a MAPK and one or more upstream regulatory kinases (MAPKKs) have been best characterized in the yeast pheromone response pathway. Pheromones bind to Ste cell surface receptors and activate yeast MAPK pathway.

## TRPM6 (CHAK2) Antibody (C-term) Blocking peptide - References

Blume-Jensen P, et al. Nature 2001. 411: 355.Cantrell D, J. Cell Sci. 2001. 114: 1439.Jhiang S Oncogene 2000. 19: 5590.Manning G, et al. Science 2002. 298: 1912.Moller, D, et al. Am. J. Physiol. 1994. 266: C351-C359.Robertson, S. et al. Trends Genet. 2000. 16: 368.Robinson D, et al. Oncogene 2000. 19: 5548.Van der Ven, P, et al. Hum. Molec. Genet. 1993. 2: 1889.Vanhaesebroeck, B, et al. Biochem. J. 2000. 346: 561.Van Weering D, et al. Recent Results Cancer Res. 1998. 154: 271.