

PFKFB4 Antibody (Center) Blocking Peptide

Synthetic peptide Catalog # BP8154c

Specification

PFKFB4 Antibody (Center) Blocking Peptide - Product Information

Primary Accession

<u>Q16877</u>

PFKFB4 Antibody (Center) Blocking Peptide - Additional Information

Gene ID 5210

Other Names

6-phosphofructo-2-kinase/fructose-2, 6-bisphosphatase 4, 6PF-2-K/Fru-2, 6-P2ase 4, PFK/FBPase 4, 6PF-2-K/Fru-2, 6-P2ase testis-type isozyme, 6-phosphofructo-2-kinase, Fructose-2, 6-bisphosphatase, PFKFB4

Target/Specificity

The synthetic peptide sequence used to generate the antibody AP8154c was selected from the Center region of human PFKFB4 . A 10 to 100 fold molar excess to antibody is recommended. Precise conditions should be optimized for a particular assay.

Format

Peptides are lyophilized in a solid powder format. Peptides can be reconstituted in solution using the appropriate buffer as needed.

Storage

Maintain refrigerated at 2-8°C for up to 6 months. For long term storage store at -20°C.

Precautions

This product is for research use only. Not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

PFKFB4 Antibody (Center) Blocking Peptide - Protein Information

Name PFKFB4

Function

Synthesis and degradation of fructose 2,6-bisphosphate.

PFKFB4 Antibody (Center) Blocking Peptide - Protocols

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

Blocking Peptides

PFKFB4 Antibody (Center) Blocking Peptide - Images



PFKFB4 Antibody (Center) Blocking Peptide - Background

Protein kinases are enzymes that transfer a phosphate group from a phosphate donor, generally the g phosphate of ATP, onto an acceptor amino acid in a substrate protein. By this basic mechanism, protein kinases mediate most of the signal transduction in eukaryotic cells, regulating cellular metabolism, transcription, cell cycle progression, cytoskeletal rearrangement and cell movement, apoptosis, and differentiation. With more than 500 gene products, the protein kinase family is one of the largest families of proteins in eukaryotes. The family has been classified in 8 major groups based on sequence comparison of their tyrosine (PTK) or serine/threonine (STK) kinase catalytic domains. The AGC kinase group consists of 63 kinases including the cyclic nucleotide-regulated protein kinase (PKA & PKG) family, the diacylglycerol-activated/phospholipid-dependent protein kinase C (PKC) family, the related to PKA and PKC (RAC/Akt) protein kinase family, the kinases that phosphorylate G protein-coupled receptors family (ARK), and the kinases that phosphorylate ribosomal protein S6 family (RSK).

PFKFB4 Antibody (Center) Blocking Peptide - References

Sakai, A., et al., J. Biochem. 119(3):506-511 (1996). Manzano, A., et al., Gene 229 (1-2), 83-89 (1999).