

SLC23A2 Antibody (N-term) Blocking Peptide
Synthetic peptide
Catalog # BP8652a**Specification**

SLC23A2 Antibody (N-term) Blocking Peptide - Product InformationPrimary Accession [Q9UGH3](#)**SLC23A2 Antibody (N-term) Blocking Peptide - Additional Information**

Gene ID 9962

Other Names

Solute carrier family 23 member 2, Na(+)/L-ascorbic acid transporter 2, Nucleobase transporter-like 1 protein, Sodium-dependent vitamin C transporter 2, hSVCT2, Yolk sac permease-like molecule 2, SLC23A2, KIAA0238, NBTL1, SLC23A1, SVCT2, YSPL2

Target/Specificity

The synthetic peptide sequence used to generate the antibody [AP8652a](/products/AP8652a) was selected from the N-term region of human SLC23A2. A 10 to 100 fold molar excess to antibody is recommended. Precise conditions should be optimized for a particular assay.

Format

Peptides are lyophilized in a solid powder format. Peptides can be reconstituted in solution using the appropriate buffer as needed.

Storage

Maintain refrigerated at 2-8°C for up to 6 months. For long term storage store at -20°C.

Precautions

This product is for research use only. Not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

SLC23A2 Antibody (N-term) Blocking Peptide - Protein Information

Name SLC23A2

Function

Sodium/ascorbate cotransporter (PubMed: [10471399](http://www.uniprot.org/citations/10471399), PubMed: [10556521](http://www.uniprot.org/citations/10556521)). Mediates electrogenic uptake of vitamin C, with a stoichiometry of 2 Na(+) for each ascorbate (PubMed: [10471399](http://www.uniprot.org/citations/10471399)).

Cellular Location

Cell membrane; Multi-pass membrane protein

Tissue Location

Ubiquitous..

SLC23A2 Antibody (N-term) Blocking Peptide - Protocols

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

- [Blocking Peptides](#)

SLC23A2 Antibody (N-term) Blocking Peptide - Images

SLC23A2 Antibody (N-term) Blocking Peptide - Background

The absorption of vitamin C into the body and its distribution to organs requires two sodium-dependent vitamin C transporters. TSLC23A2 accounts for tissue-specific uptake of vitamin C.

SLC23A2 Antibody (N-term) Blocking Peptide - References

Hogue,D.L. ,et.al., Genomics 59 (1), 18-23 (1999)